

10/507,485

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:28:39 ON 02 AUG 2005

=> file reg

=> s tenatoprazole

L1 8 TENATOPRAZOLE

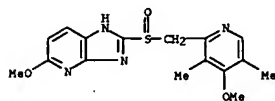
=> s tenatoprazole/cn

L2 1 TENATOPRAZOLE/CN

=> d scan

10/507,485

L2 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methylsulfinyl]- (9CI)  
MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S  
CI COM



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

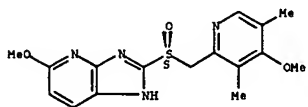
10/507,485

=> d 11 scan

10/507,485

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI)  
 MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S  
 CI COM

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

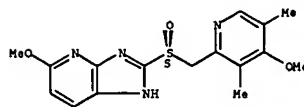


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, sodium salt (9CI)  
 MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S . Na.

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

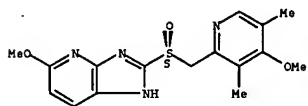


● Na

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, potassium salt (9CI)  
 MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S . K

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

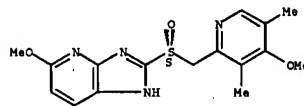


● K

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, lithium salt (9CI)  
 MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S . Li

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



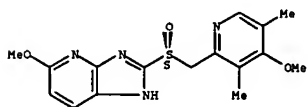
● Li

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

10/507,485

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, magnesium salt (9CI)  
MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S . 1/2 Mg  
CI COM

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

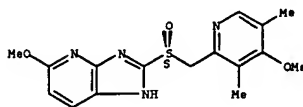


● 1/2 Mg

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, calcium salt (9CI)  
MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S . 1/2 Ca  
CI COM

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

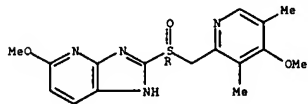


● 1/2 Ca

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(R)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI)  
MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S  
CI COM

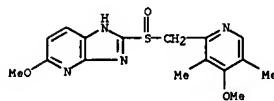
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1

L1 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI)  
MF C16 H18 N4 O3 S  
CI COM



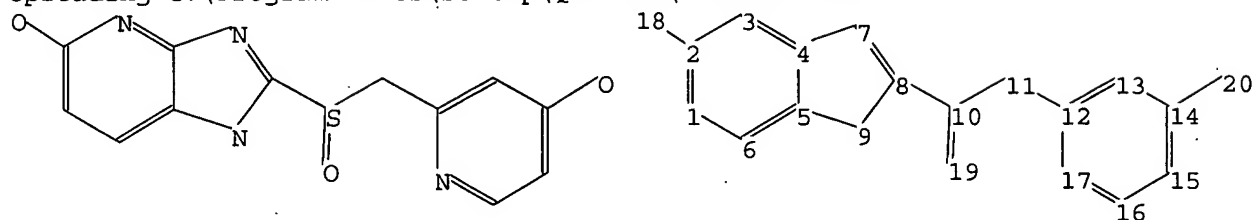
\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

10/507,485

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\11507485.str



chain nodes :

10 11 18 19 20

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 12 13 14 15 16 17

chain bonds :

2-18 8-10 10-11 10-19 11-12 14-20

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-9 7-8 8-9 12-13 12-17 13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17

exact/norm bonds :

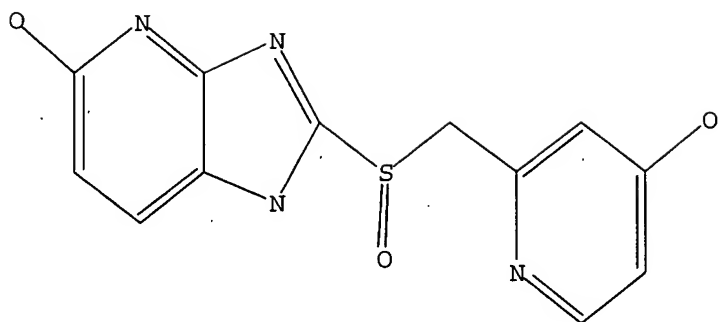
2-18 4-7 5-9 7-8 8-9 8-10 10-11 10-19 14-20

exact bonds :

11-12

normalized bonds :

10/507,485



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l3 sam

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 4 TO 200  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L4 0 SEA SSS SAM L3

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\12507485.str

10/507,485

Match level :

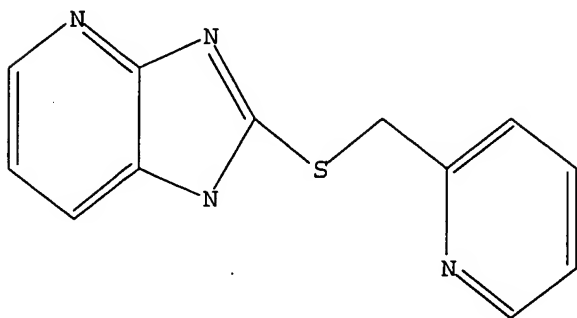
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:CLASS  
11:CLASS 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 15

L5 HAS NO ANSWERS

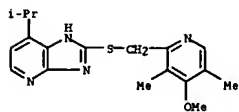
L5 STR





10/507,485

L6 12 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-  
pyridinyl]methylthio]-7-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI)  
MF C18 H22 N4 O S



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

10/507,485

=> s 15 full

L7 197 SEA SSS FUL L5

=> file ca

=> s 17

L8 83 L7

=> file reg

=> s 13 full

L9 57 SEA SSS FUL L3

=> file ca

=> s 19

L10 64 L9

=> s tenatoprazole

L11 30 TENATOPRAZOLE

=> s l10 or l11

L12 64 L10 OR L11

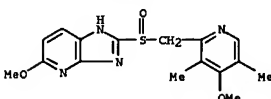
=> d ibib abs fhitr 1-64

10/507,485

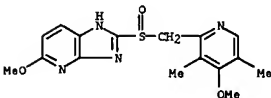
L12 ANSWER 1 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:13406 CA  
 TITLE: Solid pharmaceutical formulations containing proton pump inhibitors and nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Takada, Shigeyuki; Koyama, Hiroyoshi; Hamaguchi, Tadashi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.  
 CODEN: JKKXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 2005145894 | A2   | 20050609 | JP 2003-386548  | 20031117 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB The invention relates to a solid pharmaceutical formulation characterized by containing granules or tablet of a proton pump inhibitor (PPI), and granules of a nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agent (NSAID), wherein the addition of the PPI in the formulation prevents gastrointestinal injury due to NSAID. For example, a capsule containing lansoprazole granules (lansoprazole 30 mg) and diclofenac sodium sustained-release granules (diclofenac sodium 100 mg) was formulated.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (solid pharmaceutical formulations containing proton pump inhibitors and nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 2 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 2 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:13313 CA  
 TITLE: Methods and compositions for the treatment of Helicobacter pylori-associated diseases using endoperoxide bridge-containing compounds  
 INVENTOR(S): Marash, Michael; Kluev, Elena  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vecta Ltd., Israel  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005048912 | A2   | 20050602 | WO 2004-1B3759  | 20041117 |

W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

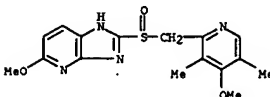
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB The present invention relates to methods and compns. for treating pathol. conditions associated with ferrous-dependent bacteria such as H. pylori in which high intracellular ferrous iron concentration is required for their survival and pathogenesis. The compns. of the invention comprise endoperoxide bridge-containing compds. that specifically inhibit the growth of the ferrous-dependent bacteria and preferably promote the eradication of the bacteria. The compns. typically also include at least one active agent for treating Helicobacter species-related gastrointestinal disorders, such as a proton pump inhibitor, an H2 blocker or a bismuth-containing compound. Thus, each capsule contains the following ingredients: omeprazole as enteric-coated beads 40, artesunate granules 250, calcium carbonate 550, HPMC and Polox WSR-N60.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compns. for treatment of Helicobacter pylori-associated diseases using endoperoxide bridge-containing compds.)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:469277 CA  
 TITLE: Chewable tablet containing an acid-labile active ingredient  
 INVENTOR(S): Sugaya, Masae; Koyama, Hiroyoshi; Hamaguchi, Naoru  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005044223 | A1   | 20050519 | WO 2004-JP16701 | 20041104 |

W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB A chewable tablet comprises a group which contains an acid-labile active ingredient and at least one basic substance selected from alkaline earth metal carbonate, metal oxide and metal hydroxide, and a group which does not contain an acid-labile active ingredient and contains at least one ingredient selected from alkaline earth metal carbonate, metal oxide and metal hydroxide, wherein said chewable tablet is capable of rapidly neutralizing gastric acid and is preferably not enteric-coated, is provided. Tablets were prepared from granules containing lansoprazole, CaCO<sub>3</sub>, D-mannitol, and hydropropyl cellulose.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (chewable tablet containing an acid-labile active ingredient)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



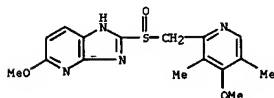
REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 142:469276 CA  
 TITLE: Combination of proton pump inhibitor and sleep aid  
 INVENTOR(S): Hall, Warren; Olmstead, Kay; Froehl, Gerald T.  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Santarus, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

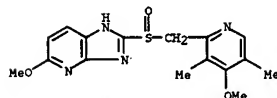
| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005041199   | A2   | 20050519 | WO 2004-US36989 | 20041105 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2003-S17743P P 20031105  
 AB . Pharmaceutical compns. comprising a proton pump inhibitor, one or more buffering agent and a sleep aid are described. Methods are described for treating gastric acid related disorders and inducing sleep, using pharmaceutical compns. comprising a proton pump inhibitor, a buffering agent, and a sleep aid. Capsules were prepared containing omeprazole, buffers, triazolam sleep aid and excipients.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (combination of proton pump inhibitor and sleep aid)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 5 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 142:441631 CA  
 TITLE: A comparative study of the early effects of tenatoprazole 40 mg and esomeprazole 40 mg on intragastric pH in healthy volunteers  
 AUTHOR(S): Galmiche, J. P.; Sacher-Huvelin, S.; Des Varannes, S.; Bruley, V.; Vavasseur, F.; Taccou, A.; Fioravanti, P.; Homerin, M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: CIC-INSEPM-CHU de Nantes, Trousseau-le-Puyble, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics (2005), 21(5), 575-582  
 CODEN: APTHEN; ISSN: 0269-2813  
 PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Background: Tenatoprazole is a novel proton pump inhibitor with a seven-hour plasma half-life. Aim: To compare the effects of tenatoprazole 40 mg and esomeprazole 40 mg on intragastric acidity during the first 48 h in healthy volunteers. Methods: This randomized two-period crossover study included 24 Helicobacter Pylori-neg. subjects; tenatoprazole 40 mg or esomeprazole 40 mg daily were given before breakfast for two consecutive days, with a 2-wk wash-out between the administration periods. Intragastric pH was monitored for 48 h. Results: Over 48 h, tenatoprazole 40 mg exerted a more potent acid inhibition than esomeprazole 40 mg (median pH: 4.3 vs. 3.9, P < 0.08; per cent of time above pH 4: 574 vs. 494, P < 0.03; proportion of subjects with at least half of the time above pH 4: 714 vs. 464). These differences resulted from better night-time acid control with tenatoprazole 40 mg than esomeprazole 40 mg (first night median pH: 4.2 vs. 2.9, P < 0.0001; second night: 4.5 vs. 3.2, P < 0.0001). The duration of nocturnal acid breakthroughs was significantly reduced during both nights. In contrast, no significant difference was detected during the daytime periods between both regimens. Conclusion: Over the first 48 h, tenatoprazole 40 mg achieves a better overall and night-time control of gastric pH than esomeprazole 40 mg. The translation of better early control of acidity into clin. benefits deserves further studies.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (tenatoprazole 40 mg and esomeprazole 40 mg was well tolerated, suppressed acid production, where T40 was more potent than E40 in better overall night-time control with reduced nocturnal acid break through in H.pylori neg. healthy human)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

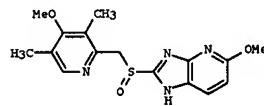


REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

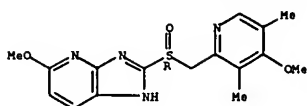
L12 ANSWER 6 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 142:430268 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of (S)- and (R)-enantiomers of tenatoprazole as H+/K+ ATPase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Li, Shuxin; Zhao, Yanjin; Guo, Jinhua  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Institute of Radiomedicine, Academy of Military Medical Science of PLA, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9 pp.  
 CODEN: CNXKXV  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Chinese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.                                | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| CN 1453278                                | A    | 20031105 | CN 2002-117637  | 20020510   |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: CASREACT 142:430268 |      |          | CN 2002-117289  | A 20020423 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S):                          |      |          |                 |            |
| GI  |      |          |                 |            |



AB The invention is related to (S)- and (R)-enantiomers of tenatoprazole I and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, their preparation and uses. (S)-I was synthesized by enantioselective oxidation of the corresponding sulfide with dicumyl peroxide in the presence of (i-PrO)4Ti and D-tartaric acid di-Et ester in 71.5% yield. (R)-I was obtained via oxidation of the corresponding sulfide with m-chloroperbenzoic acid followed by chiral HPLC resolution (37.5% yield). The two enantiomers showed stronger activity than omeprazole and comparable activity to tenatoprazole both in an inhibition assay against H+/K+ ATPase and in a gastric acid secretion-inhibition test in rat. Therefore, the invented compds. are useful for the treatment of gastric acid secretion disorders.  
 IT 705969-00-2P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of (S)- and (R)-enantiomers of tenatoprazole as H+/K+ ATPase inhibitors)  
 RN 705969-00-2 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(R)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

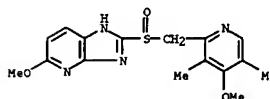
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



L12 ANSWER 7 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:291467 CA  
 TITLE: Use of known active ingredients as radical scavengers  
 INVENTOR(S): Simon, Wolfgang-Alexander; Sturm, Ernst  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Altana Pharma AG, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005025569   | A1   | 20050324 | WO 2004-EP52233 | 20040917 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RV: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: EP 2003-21094 A 20030918  
 AB The invention relates to the use of certain proton pump inhibitors in the treatment of pathol. manifestations induced or influenced by free radicals.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (use of known active ingredients as radical scavengers)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



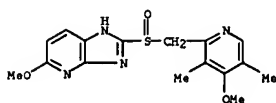
REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:285224 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical compositions comprising substituted benzimidazole proton pump inhibitors and buffering agents, and methods of use  
 INVENTOR(S): Phillips, Jeffrey O.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 56 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 722,184.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.                 | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|----------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 2005054682              | A1   | 20050310 | US 2004-898135  | 20040723 |
| US 5840737                 | A    | 19981124 | US 1996-680376  | 19960715 |
| US 6489346                 | B1   | 20021203 | US 2000-481207  | 20000111 |
| US 2002045646              | A1   | 20020418 | US 2001-901942  | 20010709 |
| US 6645988                 | B2   | 20031111 |                 |          |
| US 2003191159              | A1   | 20031009 | US 2002-54350   | 20020119 |
| US 6699885                 | B2   | 20040302 |                 |          |
| US 2004171646              | A1   | 20040902 | US 2003-722184  | 20031125 |
| P 19960104                 |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1996-680376 A2 19960715 |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1998-183422 B2 19981030 |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2000-481207 A2 20000111 |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2001-901942 A2 20010709 |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2002-54350 A1 20020119  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2003-722184 A2 20031125 |      |          |                 |          |

AB The invention discloses, inter alia, pharmaceutical compns. comprising at least one proton pump inhibitor and at least one buffering agent. Compns. of the invention are useful in treating, inter alia, gastric acid related disorders.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmaceutical compns. comprising substituted benzimidazole proton pump inhibitors and buffering agents, and methods of use)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

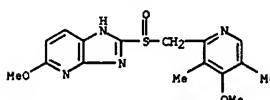


L12 ANSWER 9 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:191277 CA  
 TITLE: Alkaline salts of proton pump inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Sturm, Ernst; Hummel, Rolf-Peter; Kohl, Bernhard; Mueller, Bernd  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Altana Pharma AG, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005011692   | A1   | 20050210 | WO 2004-EP51578 | 20040722 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RV: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: EP 2003-16759 A 20030723  
 EP 2003-16760 A 20030723  
 AB The invention relates to alkaline salts of proton pump inhibitors and to medicaments comprising these compds. Accordingly, the invention provides in a general aspect alkaline reacting salts of pyridin-2-ylmethylsulfinyl-1H-benzimidazoles with H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase-inhibitory activity.

IT 113712-98-4D, Tenatoprazole, metal salts  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (alkaline salts of proton pump inhibitors such as pyridin-2-ylmethylsulfinyl-1H-benzimidazoles with H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase-inhibitory activity for treatment of gastrointestinal disorders)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

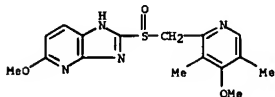
10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:183479 CA  
 TITLE: Immediate-release formulation of acid-labile drugs  
 INVENTOR(S): Phillips, Jeffrey O.; Widder, Ken J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Curators of the University of Missouri, USA;  
 Santarus, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

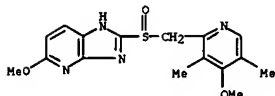
| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005009381 | A2   | 20050203 | WO 2004-US23558 | 20040722 |
| WO 2005009381 | A3   | 20050616 |                 |          |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IE, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2005112193 A1 20050526 US 2004-896682 20040722  
 PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2003-489324 P 20030718  
 AB The present invention provides, inter alia, comps. comprising a pH buffering agent and a controlled-release component containing an acid-labile pharmaceutical. Methods of using such comps. are also provided. Microgranules of omeprazole were coated with Eudragit L300-55.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Immediate-release formulation of acid-labile drugs)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 11 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 11 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:183427 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical formulation and method for treating acid-caused gastrointestinal disorders  
 INVENTOR(S): Hall, Warren; Olmstead, Kay; Weston, Laura  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Santarus, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005007117 | A2   | 20050127 | WO 2004-US23044 | 20040716 |
| WO 2005007117 | A3   | 20050616 |                 |          |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IE, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2005031700 A1 20050210 US 2004-893092 20040716  
 PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2003-488324 P 20030718  
 AB Oral pharmaceutical formulations in the form of a powder for suspension comprising (i) at least one proton pump inhibitor in micronized form; (ii) at least one antacid; and (iii) at least one suspending agent are provided. Also provided are methods for making and using pharmaceutical formulations comprising at least one proton pump inhibitor and at least one antacid. For example, an omeprazole powder for suspension was prepared containing sodium bicarbonate for protecting omeprazole from acid degradation in vivo. The powder comprised omeprazole 20 mg, sodium bicarbonate 1895 mg, xylitol 300 (sweetener) 2000 mg, sucrose powder (sweetener) 1750 mg, sucralose (sweetener) 125 mg, xanthan gum 17 mg, peach flavor 47 mg, and peppermint 26 mg.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral formulations containing antacid and proton pump inhibitor for treating acid-caused gastrointestinal disorders)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:183426 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical formulations useful for inhibiting acid secretion  
 INVENTOR(S): Hall, Warren; Olmstead, Kay; Weston, Laura  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Santarus, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

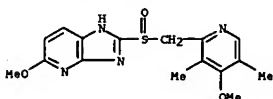
| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005007115 | A2   | 20050127 | WO 2004-US22914 | 20040716 |
| WO 2005007115 | A3   | 20050428 |                 |          |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IE, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2005037070 A1 20050217 US 2004-893203 20040716  
 PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2003-488321 P 20030718  
 AB In one general aspect of the present invention, oral pharmaceutical formulations comprising both a proton pump inhibitor microencapsulated with a material that enhances the shelf-life of the pharmaceutical composition and one or more antacid are described. In another general aspect of the present invention, pharmaceutical formulations comprising both a proton pump inhibitor microencapsulated with a taste-masking material and one or more antacid are described. For example, omeprazole was microencapsulated by spray drying of an aqueous mixture of Kollicoat IR, PEG 3350 and EHT at 10% of the encapsulated material. Encapsulated omeprazole (40 mg potency), sodium bicarbonate (1260 mg), calcium carbonate (790 mg), croscarmellose sodium (64 mg), Klucel (160 mg), Xylitab 100 (380 mg), microcryst. cellulose (128 mg), sucralose (162 mg), peppermint duraroma (34 mg), peach flavor (100 mg), masking powder (60 mg), Fd&C Lake Number 40 Red (3 mg), and magnesium stearate (32 mg) were pressed into chewable tablets with diam. of about 10 mm and average weight of approx. 600 mg per tablet.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oral formulations containing antacid and microencapsulated proton pump inhibitor for inhibition of gastric acid secretion)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 13 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:141266 CA

TITLE: Solid composition comprising a proton pump inhibitor and therapeutic uses for gastrointestinal disorders  
 INVENTOR(S): Blychert, Eva; Janssen, Marjo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005004921   | A1   | 20050120 | WO 2004-SE1113  | 20040708 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW<br>RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-486795P P 20030711

AB The present invention relates to a method for oral administration of a solid composition comprising an acid labile proton pump inhibitor compound in the

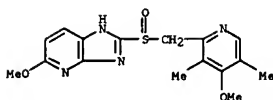
form of a multiple of enteric coating layered pellets, wherein the pellets are in admixt. with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable thickeners and an aqueous carrier, and the thickener is capable of forming a viscous medium when dispersed in the aqueous carrier. Alternatively, the enteric coated pellets are in admixt. with a viscous aqueous medium. The formed aqueous viscous

suspension is to be administered via a gastric tube. The method and composition are especially aimed for treatment of patients in need of a proton pump inhibitor, i.e. in the treatment of gastrointestinal disorders and having difficulties to swallow or for pediatric patients.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (solid composition comprising proton pump inhibitor and therapeutic uses for gastrointestinal disorders)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 14 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:28328 CA

TITLE: Detection of related substances by RP-HPLC in tenatoprazole tablets

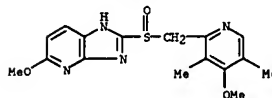
AUTHOR(S): Xu, Song-lin; Wang, Dong-kai; Liu, Lai; Gao, Fei; Cheng, Mao-shang; Li, Hong-bin  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutics, Shenyang Pharmaceutical University, Shenyang, 110016, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Zhongguo Xinyao Zazhi (2004), 13(9), 823-825  
 CODEN: ZXZHA6; ISSN: 1003-3734

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Xinyao Zazhishe  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB A method to determine the related substances in tenatoprazole tablets by RP-HPLC was established. The following assay conditions were established: C18 column (250 mm R 4.6mm, 5 μm) as stationary phase; acetonitrile-phosphate buffers solution (30:70) as the mobile phase, and the detection wavelength at 306 nm. Separation of tenatoprazole from the related substances was attained. Three batches of samples were tested for the related substances. The result was 0.63%, 0.71%, 0.76%, resp. The simple and accurate method can be used to detect the related substances in tenatoprazole tablets.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)  
 (determination of tenatoprazole in tablets by RP-HPLC)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 15 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:28146 CA  
 TITLE: Extended release compositions of proton pump inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Wood, Ray  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004103291 | A2   | 20041202 | WO 2004-US15076 | 20040513 |
| WO 2004103291 | A3   | 20050324 |                 |          |

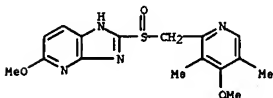
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-470876P P 20030516  
 US 2003-485744P P 20030710

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:28146  
 AB The invention provides extended release compns. comprising at least one proton pump inhibitor. The invention also provides methods for treating gastrointestinal disorders by administering the compns. of the invention to patients in need of gastrointestinal therapy.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (extended release compns. of proton pump inhibitors)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



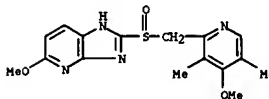
L12 ANSWER 16 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:360444 CA  
 TITLE: Tenatoprazole, a novel proton pump inhibitor with a prolonged plasma half-life: effects on intragastric pH and comparison with esomeprazole in healthy volunteers  
 AUTHOR(S): Galmiche, J. P.; des Varannes, S.; Bruley, Ducrotte, P.; Sacher-Huvelin, S.; Vavasseur, F.; Taccon, A.; Fiorentini, P.; Homerin, M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: CIC-INSEPH, CHU de Nantes, Nantes, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics (2004), 19(6), 655-662  
 CODEN: APHEND ISSN: 0269-2813

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Background: Proton pump inhibitors control gastric acidity better during the day than at night, when nocturnal acid breakthrough can occur. Tenatoprazole is a novel proton pump inhibitor with a seven-fold longer plasma half-life. Aim: To compare the effects of tenatoprazole 20 mg (T20), tenatoprazole 40 mg (T40) and esomeprazole 40 mg (E40) on intragastric acidity in healthy volunteers. Methods: This randomized, three-period, cross-over study enrolled 18 Helicobacter pylori-neg. volunteers, who received E40, T20 and T40 once daily for 7 days with a 14-day washout between periods. Twenty-four-hour gastric pH monitoring was performed on day 7. Serum gastrin was assessed on day 8. Results: T40 induced a more potent acid inhibition than T20 (24-h median pH: 4.6 vs. 4.0, P < 0.01; daytime: 4.5 vs. 3.9, P < 0.01; night-time: 4.7 vs. 4.1, P < 0.05). T40 was more potent than E40 (24-h median pH: 4.6 vs. 4.2, P < 0.05; night-time: 4.7 vs. 3.6, P < 0.01); the pH > 4 holding time was higher during the night for T40 than for E40: 64.3% vs. 46.8%, P < 0.01; the nocturnal acid breakthrough duration was significantly shorter for T40 than for E40. No significant gastrin increase was observed and all drugs were well tolerated. Conclusion: T40 is significantly more potent than T20 and E40 during the night. The therapeutic relevance of this pharmacol. advantage deserves further study.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (tenatoprazole with prolonged plasma half-life and esomeprazole were well tolerated, highly effective in controlling intragastric pH with no significant gastrin increase, but T40 was more potent than T20, E40 during night in healthy human)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L12 ANSWER 16 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 17 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:332197 CA  
 TITLE: Method for the enantioselective preparation of sulfoxide derivatives by asymmetric oxidation of sulfides with vanadium or tungsten catalysts and chiral ligands, and its application to the enantioselective preparation of tenatoprazole and omeprazole enantiomers  
 INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Avraham; Charbit, Suzy; Schutze, Francois; Martinet, Frederic  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sidem Pharma, Luxembourg  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004087702 | A2   | 20041014 | WO 2004-FR778   | 20040326 |
| WO 2004087702 | A3   | 20041111 |                 |          |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

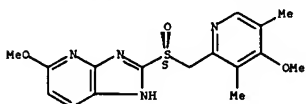
FR 2852956 A1 20041001 FR 2003-3914 20030328  
 FR 2863611 A1 20050617 FR 2003-14679 20031215  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2003-3914 A 20030328  
 FR 2003-14679 A 20031215

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:332197  
 AB The invention relates to a method for the enantioselective preparation of substituted sulfoxide derivs. by asym. oxidation of corresponding sulfides. The method comprises enantioselective oxidation of a sulfide A-CH2-S-B, where

A is a variably substituted pyridyl nucleus and B is a heterocyclic group with a benzimidazole or imidazopyridine nucleus, by an oxidizing agent in the presence of a V- or V-based catalyst and a chiral ligand, followed, where necessary, by salt formation with a base, to give a sulfoxide: A-CH2-SO-B. The method is applicable to the enantioselective preparation of compds. such as the enantiomers of tenatoprazole and other comparable sulfoxides. Oxidants include H2O2, urea-H2O2, cumene hydroperoxide, and tert-BuOOH. Catalysts include W03, vanadium acetylacetonate, and vanadium sulfate. Chiral ligands include amino acids, amino ethers, amino acids and esters, and salicylaldehyde imine derivs. of these. For instance, the sulfide 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]thio]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine was oxidized by 30% H2O2 using W03 and the chiral amino ether (DHQD)2-PYR (a cinchon alkaloid) in THF at 4-5° to give (S)-(-)-tenatoprazole in 70% yield and > 90% enantiomeric excess (ee). Recrystn. from MeOH/H2O or DMF/EtOAc increased the ee to > 99%. A similar run using (DHQD)2-PYR as the chiral ligand gave (R)-(+)-tenatoprazole in 93% ee after recrystn. from DMF/EtOAc. Likewise, using (DHQD)2-PYR, (S)-(-)-omeprazole was obtained in a yield of 72% and approx. 90% initial ee.



L12 ANSWER 17 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 IT 705968-86-1P, (S)-(-)-Tenatoprazole  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (target compound: enantioselective preparation of sulfoxides by asym. oxidation of sulfides with vanadium or tungsten catalysts and chiral ligands and application to tenatoprazole and omeprazole enantiomers)  
 RM 705968-86-1 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L12 ANSWER 18 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 18 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:320050 CA  
 TITLE: Controlled-release compositions containing proton pump inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Nagahara, Naoki; Miyamoto, Keiko; Akiyama, Yokho  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 243 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXK2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004082665   | A1   | 20040930 | WO 2004-JP3483  | 20040316 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

JP 2004300149 A2 20041028 JP 2004-75037 20040316  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-72858 A 20030317  
 AB It is intended to provide a controlled release composition in which the release

of its active ingredient (a proton pump inhibitor) is controlled in two or more steps with different release speeds. This composition, which comprises (1) a release-controlling part A capable of controlling the release speed of the active ingredient at a definite level, and (2) a release-controlling part B capable of controlling the release speed of the active ingredient at a definite level which is lower than the release speed in the release-controlling part A, optionally together with (3) a release-controlling part C capable of controlling the release speed of the active ingredient at a definite level which is higher than the release speed in the release-controlling part B, if necessary, is characterized in that the release of the active ingredient in the release-controlling part B is first made followed by the release of the active ingredient in the release-controlling part A (in the case of having the release-controlling part C, the release of the active ingredient in the release-controlling part C is first made followed by the release of the active ingredient in the release-controlling part B). Thus, a core tablet prepared from R-lansoprazole 113, lactose 303, corn starch 50, low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose (L-HPC) 35 mg was layered with an outer layer material coating R-lansoprazole 33.8, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose (Metolose 65SH-4000) 116.3 mg to obtain a controlled-release tablet.

IT 113712-98-4, 5-Methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of proton pump inhibitors for controlled-release compns.)  
 RM 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-

L12 ANSWER 19 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:314327 CA  
 TITLE: Process for preparation of sulfoxides, in particular enantiomers of tenatoprazole and its related derivatives by enantioselective oxidation of sulfides  
 INVENTOR(S): Schutze, Francois; Charbit, Suzy; Cohen, Avraham; Marinnet, Frederic  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Négma Gild  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 21 pp.  
 CODEN: ERXKEL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| FR 2852956  | A1   | 20041001 | FR 2003-3914    | 20030328 |
| WO 2004087702   | A2   | 20041014 | WO 2004-FR778   | 20040326 |
| WO 2004087702   | A3   | 20041111 |                 |          |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2003-3914 A 20030328  
 FR 2003-14679 A 20031215  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:314327  
 GI

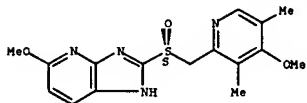
\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention is related to a method of preparation of sulfoxides and their basic salts, of formula A-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-B, in particular enantiomers of tenatoprazole (I) and derivs., by enantioselective oxidation of a sulfide of formula A-CH<sub>2</sub>-SO-B with an oxidation agent in the presence of a catalyst containing tungsten or of vanadium and of a chiral ligand, of formula  
 RO-CR1R2-CR3R4-NR5R6, followed if necessary by base treatment [wherein A = substituted pyridinyl; B = benzimidazolyl, imidazopyridinyl; R = H, alkyl, heteroaryl; R1, R2, R3, R4 = independently alkyl, heteroaryl with proviso: R5, R6 = alkyl; or NR5R6 = heterocyclyl, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)Ar = substituted aryl]. The method provides high enantiomeric excess (e.e.) values (> 90%). Thus, oxidation of sulfide II with H2O2 in the presence of WO3, ligand III in THF gave (S)-(-)-I in > 99% e.e.  
 IT 705968-86-1P, (-)-5-Methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)  
 (sulfoxide product) preparation of sulfoxides, in particular enantiomers of tenatoprazole and its related derivs., by enantioselective oxidation of sulfides)

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 19 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RW 705968-86-1 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

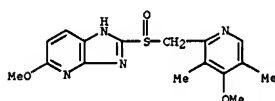


REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 20 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 141:282815 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Drug composition having active ingredient adhered at high concentration to spherical core  
 INVENTOR(S): Yoneyama, Shuji; Bando, Hiroto  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 237 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXDZ  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004090439   | A1   | 20040923 | WO 2004-JP3075  | 20040310 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW<br>RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG   |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 2004292442   | A2   | 20041021 | JP 2004-66456   | 20040310 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 2003-66344 A 20030312  |      |          |                 |          |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:282815  |      |          |                 |          |
| AB Granule, fine particle or tablet of excellent leaching property, comprising a drug active ingredient in high content realized by forming a layer containing drug active ingredient on core particles through a combination of a method of dispersing and adhering an active ingredient while spraying or adding a binder with a method of spraying or adding a solution or suspension wherein an active ingredient and a binder are contained so as to effect adhesion. Further, there are provided a drug composition containing such a granule, fine particle or tablet and a process for producing the same. Thus, original granules of crystalline cellulose were prepared by spraying a composition (R)-lansoprazole (I), crystalline cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and hydroxypropyl cellulose to crystalline cellulose. |      |          |                 |          |
| The obtained granules were further coated with a 1st coating material containing I, magnesium carbonate, sucrose, and hydroxypropyl cellulose, a 2nd coating material containing hydroxypropyl Me cellulose, talc, and titanium oxide, and then an enteric coating material containing methacrylic acid copolymer, talc, macrogol, titanium oxide, and polysorbate 80, or another enteric coating material containing different methacrylic acid copolymers, talc, and tri-Et citrate. The granules with different enteric coatings were mixed and filled in capsules.  |      |          |                 |          |
| IT 113712-98-4, 5-Methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine<br>RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)<br>(preparation of drug composition containing proton pump inhibitors adhered at high   |      |          |                 |          |

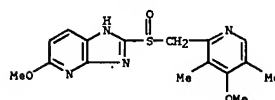
L12 ANSWER 20 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 concn. to spherical core)  
 RW 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 21 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 141:254601 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Preventive or remedy for teeth grinding containing gastric acid inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Miyawaki, Shouichi; Yamamoto, Teruko  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eisai Co. Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXDZ  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004090487   | A1   | 20040923 | WO 2004-JP939   | 20040130 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW<br>RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 2003-68755 A 20030313  |      |          |                 |          |
| AB It is intended to provide a preventive or a remedy for teeth grinding and diseases relating thereto which contains as the active ingredient at least one member selected from among proton pump inhibitors, histamine H2 receptors and acid pump antagonists. Examples of the proton pump inhibitors include rabeprazole, omeprazole, esomeprazole, lansoprazole, pantoprazole, tenatoprazole, salts thereof and hydrates of the same. The effect of rabeprazole sodium salt tablet (Pariet) in patients with teeth grinding was examined.   |      |          |                 |          |
| IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole<br>RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)<br>(preventive or remedy for teeth grinding and teeth grinding-related disease containing gastric acid inhibitors)   |      |          |                 |          |
| RW 113712-98-4 CA   |      |          |                 |          |
| CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)   |      |          |                 |          |



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 22 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:248724 CA  
TITLE: The enantiomers of tenatoprazole for therapeutic uses  
INVENTOR(S): Yamashita, Setsuo; Ebina, Kengo  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Pharma Corporation, Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004074285   | A1   | 20040902 | WO 2004-JP2087  | 20040223 |
| W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DE, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, EG, ES, FI, FI, GB, GB, GE, GE, GH, GH, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, LC, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GH, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

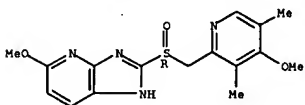
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-46335 A 20030224

AB This invention relates to (+)- and (-)- enantiomers of tenatoprazole. The compds. and pharmaceutical compns. are useful as antiulcer agents. Thus, tablets contained (-)-tenatoprazole 30.0, lactose 40.0, aluminum hydroxide 17.5, hydroxypropyl cellulose 8.0, talc 4.5, TiO<sub>2</sub> 5.0, Mg stearate 20, and usual excipients 160.0 mg.

IT 705969-00-2P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES (Uses)  
(+)-tenatoprazole; enantiomers of tenatoprazole for therapeutic uses

RN 705969-00-2 CA  
CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(R)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 23 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:230698 CA  
TITLE: Omeprazole antacid complex-immediate release for rapid and sustained suppression of gastric acid  
INVENTOR(S): Hepburn, Bonnie; Goldlust, Barry  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Santarus, Inc., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 121 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004073654   | A2   | 20040902 | WO 2004-US5170  | 20040220 |
| WO 2004073654   | A3   | 20050113 |                 |          |
| W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DE, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, EG, ES, FI, FI, GB, GB, GE, GE, GH, GH, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, LC, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GH, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-783871 20040220  
US 2003-448627P P 20030220

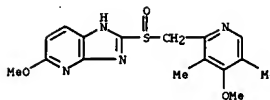
AB The present invention is directed to methods, kits, combinations, and compns. for treating, preventing or reducing the risk of developing a gastrointestinal disorder or disease, or the symptoms associated with, or related to a gastrointestinal disorder or disease in a subject in need thereof. In one aspect, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a proton pump inhibiting agent and a buffering agent for oral administration and ingestion by a subject. Upon administration, the composition contacts the gastric fluid of the stomach and increases the gastric fluid pH of the stomach to a pH that substantially prevents or inhibits acid degradation of the proton pump inhibiting agent in the gastric fluid and allows a measurable serum concentration of the proton pump inhibiting agent to be absorbed into the blood serum of the subject. Omeprazole powder plus a chewable tablet of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and CaCO<sub>3</sub> resulted in more rapid absorption in humans when compared to a marketed omeprazole delayed-release formulation.

IT 113712-98-4  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), USES (Uses)  
(omeprazole antacid complex-immediate release for rapid and sustained suppression of gastric acid)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(R)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 22 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L12 ANSWER 23 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 24 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:145707 CA  
 TITLE: Method for the administration of acid-labile drugs using basic salts with calcium, magnesium or aluminum  
 INVENTOR(S): Sharma, Virender K.; Howden, Colin W.  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 824,847.  
 CODEN: USXKCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

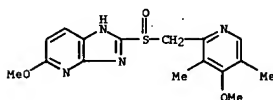
| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE        |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 2004146554          | A1   | 20040729 | US 2004-755656  | 20040112    |
| US 2002146451          | A1   | 20021010 | US 2001-824847  | 20010404    |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | US 2000-218509P | P 20000715  |
|                        |      |          | US 2001-824847  | A2 20010404 |

AB A method for the formulation and delivery for administration of acid-labile drugs to human beings and other animals achieved by mixing the active pharmaceutical compound with a basic salt as one of calcium, magnesium and aluminum in a solution or suspension of any kind, where the basic salt solution or suspension protects the pharmaceutical compound from the

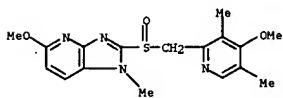
adverse effects of gastric acid by neutralizing gastric acid. When calcium is used, it has the advantage of no obvious contraindications and is generally usable by all patients, especially those patients who have diseases in which sodium is contraindicated.

IT 113712-98-4, Tanatoprazole  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (as acid-labile drug; acid-labile drug formulations as basic salts with calcium, magnesium or aluminum)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 25 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 25 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:116452 CA  
 TITLE: Chemistry of Covalent Inhibition of the Gastric (H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>)-ATPase by Proton Pump Inhibitors  
 AUTHOR(S): Shin, Jai Moo; Cho, Young Moon; Sachs, George  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physiology and Medicine, University of California, Los Angeles, CA, 90073, USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2004), 126(25), 7800-7811  
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:116452

AB Proton pump inhibitors (PPIs), drugs that are widely used for treatment of acid related diseases, are either substituted pyridylmethylsulfinyl benzimidazole or imidazopyridine derivs. They are all prodrugs that inhibit the acid-secreting gastric (H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>)-ATPase by acid activation to reactive thiophiles that form disulfide bonds with one or more cysteines accessible from the exoplasmic surface of the enzyme. This unique acid-catalysis mechanism had been ascribed to the nucleophilicity of the pyridine ring. However, the data obtained here show that their conversion to the reactive cationic thiophilic sulfenic acid or sulfenamide depends mainly not on pyridine protonation but on a second protonation of the imidazole component that increases the electrophilicity of the C-2 position on the imidazole. This protonation results in reaction of the C-2 with the unprotonated fraction of the pyridine ring to form the reactive derivs. The relevant PPI pKa's were determined by UV spectroscopy

of the benzimidazole or imidazopyridine sulfinylmethyl moieties at different medium pH. Synthesis of a relatively acid stable analog, N1-Me lansoprazole, allowed direct determination of both pKa values of this

intact PPI allowing calcn. of the two pKa values for all the PPIs. These values predict their relative acid stability and thus the rate of reaction with cysteines of the active proton pump at the pH of the secreting parietal cell. The PPI accumulates in the secretory canaliculus of the parietal cell due to pyridine protonation then binds to the pump and is activated by the second protonation on the surface of the protein to allow disulfide formation.

IT 721924-07-8P  
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (chemical of covalent inhibition of gastric (H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>)-ATPase by proton

pump inhibitors)

RN 721924-07-8 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1-methyl- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 26 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:71546 CA  
 TITLE: Process for preparing optically pure 2-(2-pyridylmethylsulfinyl)-1H-benzimidazole and 2-(2-pyridylmethylsulfinyl)-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine as proton pump inhibitors (PPI)  
 INVENTOR(S): Kohl, Bernhard; Mueller, Bernd; Weingart, Ralf Steffen  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Altana Pharma Ag, Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXK22  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004052882   | A1   | 20040624 | WO 2003-EP13605 | 20031203 |
| W: AE, AL, AU, BA, BR, CA, CN, CO, CZ, EC, EG, GE, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, LT, LV, MA, MK, MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, SG, TN, UA, US, VN, YU, ZA, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR    |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2002-27273 A 20021206  
 DE 2003-10340255 A 20030829

AB Described is a process for preparing optically pure PPI having a sulfinyl structure in enantiomerically pure or enantiomerically enriched form by oxidation of the corresponding sulfides in the presence of a chiral zirconium

or hafnium complex. Thus, 20.2 g 5-difluoromethoxy-2-[(3,4-dimethoxy-2-pyridinyl)methylthio]-1H-benzimidazole together with 17.9 g di-Et (+)-tartrate, 13.4 g zirconium(IV) isopropoxide/isopropanol complex and 0.1 mL H<sub>2</sub>O were suspended in 100 mL Me iso-Bu ketone and heated at 40° for one hour to give an almost clear solution. After cooling to room temperature, 4.1 mL N-ethyl-diisopropylamine was added, followed by

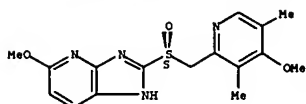
slowly metering 11 mL cumene hydroperoxide, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature until the oxidation process to give, after workup, (-)-pantoprazole as a beige powder of m.p. 145° (decomposition) and an optical purity of >95%. After recrystn. from isopropanol, a clear crystal of m.p. 147-149° (decomposition) with an optical rotation of a D<sub>20</sub> = -140° (c = 0.5, MeOH) was obtained.

IT 705968-86-1P, (S)-5-Methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridylmethyl) sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparing optically pure 2-(2-pyridylmethylsulfinyl)-1H-benzimidazole and -1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine as proton pump inhibitors by oxidation of sulfides in the presence of a chiral zirconium or hafnium complex)

RN 705968-86-1 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(S)-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

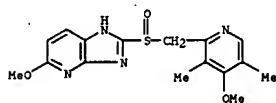
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L12 ANSWER 27 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 contg. (-)-I and salts, particularly the Na, K, Li, Mg, and Ca salts, and the use of these compds. for treatment of a variety of specific conditions, or for inhibition of acid secretion. For instance, sepn. of 2 g (+)-I on a 265x110 mm ChiralPak column contg. an amylose tris(5)- $\alpha$ -methylbenzylcarbamate stationary phase at ambient temp. gave (-)-I. Pharmacokinetic studies in Caucasians show that a mutation of cytochrome C219 gives rise to fast and slow metabolizers of I, which leads to plasma accumulation of (+)-I in CYP2C19\*2/\*2-homozygous slow metabolizers, and a higher proportion of (-)-I in CYP2C19\*1/\*1-homozygous fast metabolizers. It appears that (+)-I is metabolized predominantly by CYP2C19, whereas (-)-I is metabolized by 2 routes, CYP2C19 and CYP3A4. Thus, therapy with (-)-I offers the advantages of reduced variability between patients, better utilization, longer mean residence time, and reduced potential for drug interaction by compensation for potential CYP2C19 blockage. (-)-I has a plasma half-life of 10-12 h at 20-80 mg doses, whereas (+)-I has a half-life of 7 h at 20 mg and 9 h at 80 mg.

IT 113712-98-4, (+)-Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PYP (Physical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (chromatog. resolution; preparation of tenatoprazole enantiomer with improved pharmacokinetic behavior, for treatment of digestive disorders)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

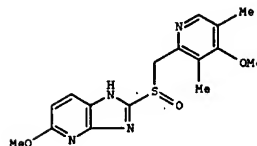


REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:54339 CA  
 TITLE: Tenatoprazole enantiomer with improved pharmacokinetic behavior, and its therapeutic application in the treatment of digestive pathologies  
 INVENTOR(S): Schutze, Francois; Charbit, Suzy; Fichaux, Hervé; Homerin, Michel; Taccoco, Alain; Cohen, Avraham  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Negma Gild, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 15 pp.  
 CODEN: FRXKEL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| FR 2848555  | A1   | 20040618 | FR 2002-15949   | 20021216 |
| WO 2004060891   | A1   | 20040722 | WO 2003-FR3746  | 20031216 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LX, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2005119298   | A1   | 20050602 | US 2003-507485  | 20031216 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2002-15949 A 20021216<br>WO 2003-FR3746 W 20031216  |      |          |                 |          |

GI

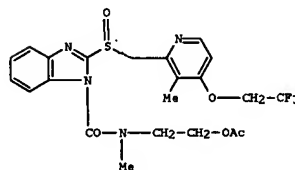


AB The invention relates to the (-)-enantiomer of tenatoprazole, i.e., (-)-I, or (-)-5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine. This enantiomer has improved pharmacokinetic properties relative to racemic I, allowing a posol. of only one dose of drug per day in indicated usages. (-)-I is applicable to treatment of digestive pathologies. Claims cover (-)-I and salts, preparation of (-)-I by chiral chromatog. of the racemate, compns.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:380603 CA  
 TITLE: Controlled release preparation containing proton pump inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Akiyama, Yoshiko; Kurasawa, Takashi; Bando, Hiroto; Nagahara, Naoki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 371 pp.  
 CODEN: PIKX02  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

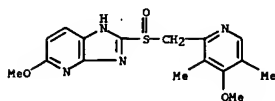
| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004035020   | A2   | 20040429 | WO 2003-JP13155 | 20031015 |
| WO 2004035020   | A3   | 20040624 |                 |          |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LX, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SJ, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| CA 2499574  | AA   | 20040429 | CA 2003-2499574 | 20031015 |
| JP 2004292427   | A2   | 20041021 | JP 2003-354900  | 20031015 |
| EP 1553929  | A2   | 20050720 | EP 2003-754116  | 20031015 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK   |      |          |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-301876 A 20021016<br>JP 2003-66336 A 20030312<br>WO 2003-JP13155 W 20031015  |      |          |                 |          |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:380603  
 GI



AB A controlled release preparation wherein the release of active ingredient is controlled, which releases an active ingredient for an extended period of time by staying or slowly migrating in the gastrointestinal tract, is provided by means such as encapsulating a tablet, granule or fine granule

L12 ANSWER 28 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 wherein the release of active ingredient is controlled and a gel-forming polymer. Said tablet, granule or fine granule has a release-controlled coating-layer formed on a core particle contg. an active ingredient. Many compds. such as I were prepd. and formulations given, e.g., granules contg. sucrose-starch spheres, R-lansoprazole, Mg carbonate, purified sucrose, corn starch, low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, and hydroxypropyl cellulose.  
 IT 113712-98-4F  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (controlled release preparation containing proton pump inhibitors)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 29 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:344896 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical composition comprising tenatoprazole and an anti-inflammatory drug  
 INVENTOR(S): Schutze, Francois; Charbit, Suzy; Fichaux, Hervé; Homerin, Michel; Taccoen, Alain; Inaba, Yoshio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nagma Gild, Fr.; Mitsubishi Pharma Corporation  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 15 pp.  
 CODEN: FROXBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

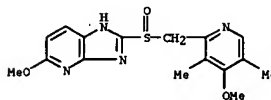
| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| FR 2845917    | A1   | 20040423 | FR 2002-13115   | 20021021 |
| CA 2503211    | AA   | 20040506 | CA 2003-2503211 | 20031021 |
| WO 2004037254 | A1   | 20040506 | WO 2003-FR3120  | 20031021 |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 EP 1553942 A1 20050720 EP 2003-778425 20031021  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2002-13115 A 20021021  
 WO 2003-FR3120 W 20031021

AB A pharmaceutical composition comprises a combination of tenatoprazole and one or more NSAID and the inhibitors of cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors for the treatment of the painful and inflammatory symptoms. A tablet contained tenatoprazole 20, diclofenac 100, and excipients q.s. 300 mg. Efficacy of the tablet in the treatment of patients with inflammation and pain is shown.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmaceutical composition comprising tenatoprazole and anti-inflammatory drugs)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 29 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 30 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:344895 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical composition comprising tenatoprazole and an H2histamine receptor antagonist  
 INVENTOR(S): Schutze, Francois; Charbit, Suzy; Fichaux, Hervé; Homerin, Michel; Taccoen, Alain; Inaba, Yoshio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nagma Gild, Fr.; Mitsubishi Pharma Corporation  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 13 pp.  
 CODEN: FROXBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

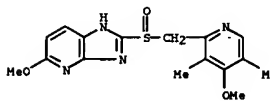
| PATENT NO.    | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| FR 2845916    | A1   | 20040423 | FR 2002-13114   | 20021021 |
| CA 2503215    | AA   | 20040506 | CA 2003-2503215 | 20031021 |
| WO 2004037256 | A1   | 20040506 | WO 2003-FR3124  | 20031021 |

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 EP 1553944 A1 20050720 EP 2003-778429 20031021  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2002-13114 A 20021021  
 WO 2003-FR3124 W 20031021

AB A new pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of gastric hyperacidity comprises tenatoprazole and one or more antagonists of H2-histamine receptors such as cimetidine, ranitidine, famotidine, and nizatidine. The composition is used for the treatment of the gastric and duodenal ulcers, and the symptoms and lesions of the gastro-esophagus reflux. A tablet contained tenatoprazole 20, ranitidine 200, and excipients q.s. 300 mg. Efficacy of the tablet in the treatment of patients with gastro-esophagus reflux is shown.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmaceutical composition comprising tenatoprazole and H2-histamine receptor antagonist)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 30 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

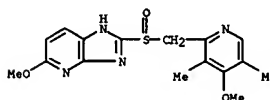
L12 ANSWER 31 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:315073 CA  
 TITLE: Use of tenatoprazole for the treatment of  
 the gastroesophageal reflux  
 INVENTOR(S): Schutze, Francois; Charbit, Suzy; Picheux, Herve;  
 Homerin, Michel; Taccoen, Alain; Inaba, Yoshio  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Nagma Gild, Fr.; Mitsubishi Pharma Corporation  
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 21 pp.  
 CODEN: FROKBL  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| FR 2845915  | A1   | 20040423 | FR 2002-13113   | 20021021 |
| CA 2503212  | AA   | 20040506 | CA 2003-2503212 | 20031021 |
| WO 2004037255   | A1   | 20040506 | WO 2003-FR3122  | 20031021 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RV: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| EP 1553943  | A1   | 20050720 | EP 2003-778427  | 20031021 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK   |      |          |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2002-13113 A 20021021<br>WO 2003-FR3122 W 20031021  |      |          |                 |          |

AB The invention relates to a new therapeutic indication of tenatoprazole. Tenatoprazole, like its salts, can be used in the manufacture of a drug for the treatment of the atypical symptoms of gastroesophageal reflux, Gastrointestinal bleedings, and dyspepsias.

IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (use of tenatoprazole for treatment of gastroesophageal reflux)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

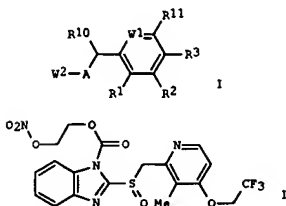


L12 ANSWER 31 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 32 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:163865 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of nitrosated  
 (pyridylmethylsulfinyl)benzimidazolecarboxylate  
 derivatives as proton pump inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Fang, Xinqin; Garvey, David S.; Letts, L. Gordon  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): NitroMed, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 47 pp.  
 CODEN: USXKCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 2004024014   | A1   | 20040205 | US 2003-631782  | 20030801 |
| CA 2493619  | AA   | 20040212 | CA 2003-2493618 | 20030801 |
| WO 2004012659   | A2   | 20040212 | WO 2003-US23963 | 20030801 |
| WO 2004012659   | A3   | 20041007 |                 |          |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RV: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| EP 1534278  | A2   | 20050601 | EP 2003-767016  | 20030801 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK   |      |          |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-399715P F 20020801<br>WO 2003-US23963 W 20030801   |      |          |                 |          |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:163865  
 GI



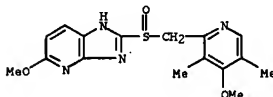
AB Title compds. I (12 addnl. Markush structures), [wherein R1 = H, alkoxy, alkyl, alkylthio; R2 = H, halogen, (halo)alkoxy, (alkoxy)alkyl, alkylthio,

L12 ANSWER 32 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 amino, or R2 and R3 taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a cycloalkyl ring, aryl, or heterocyclic ring; R3, R11 = independently H, alkoxy, alkyl, alkythio, or R3 and R11 taken together with the carbon chain to which they are attached form cycloalkyl ring, aryl, or heterocyclic ring; R10 = H or R10 and R1 taken together with the carbon chain to which they are attached form cycloalkyl ring; A = SO<sub>n</sub>, n = 0-2; W1 = CH, N, amino-substituted carbon; W2 = (un)substituted (aza)benzimidazole, 1-phenylimidazolyl, 1-(2-pyridinyl)imidazolyl, thienol[3,4-d]imidazolyl and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, were prepd. as proton pump inhibitors. For example, reaction of lansoprazole with 2-(nitroxy)ethyl chloroformate in the presence of NaH in THF at 0 °C gave II in 62%. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful as proton pump inhibitors, that donate, transfer or release nitric oxide, stimulate endogenous synthesis of nitric oxide, elevate endogenous levels of endothelium-derived relaxing factor or are the substrate for nitric oxide synthase. The invention also also provide for novel kits comprising at least one nitrosated proton pump inhibitor compnd., and, optionally, at least one nitric oxide donor and/or at least one therapeutic agent. Furthermore, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are also useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal disorders; facilitating ulcer healing; decreasing the recurrence of ulcers; improving gastroprotective properties, anti-Helicobacter pylori properties or anticid properties of proton pump inhibitors; decreasing or reducing the gastrointestinal toxicity assocd. with the use of nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compds.; and treating bacterial infections and/or viral infections (no data).

IT 113712-98-4OP, Tenatoprazole, nitrosated derivs.  
 RL PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

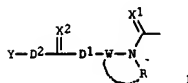
(preparation of nitrosated (pyridyl)methylsulfinyl)benzimidazolecarboxylate derivs. as proton pump inhibitors)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 33 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:42180 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of nitrogenous heterocycle prodrugs having N-(2-acyloxyethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl groups  
 INVENTOR(S): Kamiyama, Keiji; Banno, Hiroshi; Sato, Fumihiko; Hasuoka, Atsushi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.            | KIND   | DATE             | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003106429         | A1   | 20031224         | WO 2003-JP7545  | 20030613 |
| W:                    | AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |                  |                 |          |
| RW:                   | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG   |                  |                 |          |
| CA 2489470            | AA   | 20031224         | CA 2003-248940  | 20030613 |
| JP 2004307457         | A2   | 20041104         | JP 2003-169308  | 20030613 |
| EP 1514870            | A1   | 20050316         | EP 2003-733425  | 20030613 |
| R:                    | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, HK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK   |                  |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: |  |                  |                 |          |
| OTHER SOURCE(S):      |  | MARPAT 140:42180 |                 |          |
| GI                    |  |                  |                 |          |

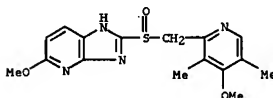


AB Disclosed is a compound having a group represented by the formula (I) [X1, X2 = O, S; W = (un)substituted bivalent hydrocarbon chain, -W1-Z-W2; wherein W1, W2 = bivalent hydrocarbon chain, a bond; Z = (un)substituted bivalent hydrocarbon ring or heterocyclic ring, O, S, SO, SO2, (un)substituted NH, provided that when Z = O, S, SO, SO2, or (un)substituted NH, then W1, W2 = bivalent hydrocarbon chain; R = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbon group or heterocyclic ring; or R is not H, R may be linked to W; D1, D2 = a bond, O, S, (un)substituted NH; Y = (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl or heterocyclyl as a modifying group to be

L12 ANSWER 33 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 eliminated from a prodrug. It enables prodrug development based on the modification of a nitrogenous heterocycle, etc., with N-(2-acyloxyethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl groups. For example, 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (zidovudine), N-cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-((4-methyl-5-imidazolyl)-methylthio)ethyl]guanidine (cimetidine), (R)-2-[[[3-methyl-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-2-pyridyl]methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole [(R)-(+)-lansoprazole], 2-[[[(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-methoxy-1H-benzimidazole (omeprazole), 2-[[[(4-(3-methoxypropoxy)-3-methyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]benzimidazole (rabeprazole), 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-[[[(3,4-dimethoxy-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole (pantoprazole), or 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (tenatoprazole) were modified by one of CONMeCH2CH2OCO2Et, CONMeCH2CH2OAc, and CONMeCH2CH2OCO2- (tetrahydropyranyl-4-yl) groups.

IT 113712-98-4  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of nitrogenous heterocycle prodrugs having N-(acyloxyethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl groups)

RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

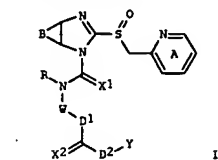


REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 34 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:42178 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of prodrugs of benzimidazoles and analogs as proton pump inhibitors for the treatment of peptic ulcers  
 INVENTOR(S): Kamiyama, Keiji; Banno, Hiroshi; Sato, Fumihiko  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 216 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.            | KIND   | DATE             | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003105845         | A1   | 20031224         | WO 2003-JP7546  | 20030613 |
| W:                    | AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |                  |                 |          |
| RW:                   | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG   |                  |                 |          |
| CA 2489361            | AA   | 20031224         | CA 2003-2489361 | 20030613 |
| JP 2004307457         | A2   | 20041104         | JP 2003-169308  | 20030613 |
| EP 1513527            | A1   | 20050316         | EP 2003-733426  | 20030613 |
| R:                    | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, HK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK   |                  |                 |          |
| BR 2003011801         | A  | 20050412         | BR 2003-1801    | 20030613 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: |  |                  |                 |          |
| OTHER SOURCE(S):      |  | MARPAT 140:42178 |                 |          |
| GI                    |  |                  |                 |          |





II

AB Title compds. I [wherein A = (un)substituted pyridine ring; B = (un)substituted benzene or monocyclic aromatic heterocycle; X1 and X2 = O or S; W = W1W2; W1 and W2 = independently divalent hydrocarbon chain or a bond; Z = (un)substituted divalent hydrocarbon ring, divalent heterocyclic ring, O, SO<sub>2</sub>, or NR; E = H, alkanoyl, (ar)alkoxycarbonyl, thiocarbonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, (alkyl)sulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, arylcarbonyl, or (un)substituted hydrocarbon, heterocyclyl, or carbamoyl; R = (un)substituted hydrocarbon or heterocyclyl; R and W may be bonded to each other; D1 and D2 = independently a bond, O, S, or NR; R1 = H or (un)substituted hydrocarbon; Y = (un)substituted hydrocarbon or heterocyclyl; with provisos; and salts thereof] were prepared. For example, reaction of bis(trichloromethyl)carbonate with 2-(methylamino)ethyl acetate-HCl in the presence of pyridine in THF, followed by coupling with (R)-2-[[[3-methyl-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-2-pyridyl]methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole using a catalytic amount of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and TEA in THF, gave II. Compds. of the invention are proton pump inhibitor prodrugs, which show superior antiulcer activity, gastric acid secretion inhibitory action, mucosa-protecting action, and anti-Helicobacter pylori action (no data).

IT 113712-98-4, 5-Methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl]methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation of prodrugs containing benzimidazoles and analogs as proton

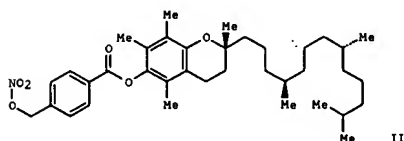
pump inhibitors for treatment of peptic ulcers)  
RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl]methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 139:214237 CA  
TITLE: Preparation of nitrate prodrugs able to release nitric oxide in a controlled and selective way and their use for prevention and treatment of inflammatory, ischemic and proliferative diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Scaramuzzino, Giovanni  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 313 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

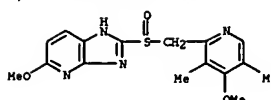
| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 1336602  | A1   | 20030820 | EP 2002-425075  | 20020213 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR |      |          |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:   |      |          | EP 2002-425075  | 20020213 |

GI



II

AB New pharmaceutical compds. of general formula F-(X)q (I) [q = 1-5, preferably 1; F is chosen among drugs such as α-tocopherol, clidanac, diethylhomoserine, glucosamine, thymocartin, vofopitant, etc.; X is chosen among 4 groups M, T, V, and Y where M = ONO<sub>2</sub>, nitrate salt, nitrite ester, ONO, thionitrite, SNO, etc.; T = OR1-M, OR1OR1-M, SR1NR2R1-M, NR2R1-M, NR2R1SR1-M, etc.; R1 = saturated or unsatd., linear or branched alkylene, having 1 to 21 carbon atoms or a saturated or unsatd., optionally heterosubstituted or branched cycloalkylene, having 3 to 7 carbon atoms or an optionally heterosubstituted arylene having 3 to 7 carbon atoms; R2 = H, saturated or unsatd., linear or branched 1-21 carbon atom alkyl, saturated or unsatd., optionally heterosubstituted or branched carbon cycloalkyl, optionally heterosubstituted 3-7 carbon aryl; R1, R2 = CH<sub>3</sub>, SH, F, Cl, Br, OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, etc.; bond between F and T = carboxylic ester, carboxylic amide, glycoside, azo, thioester, sulfonic ester, etc.; V = 2-M2, OZ-M2, NR2Z-M2, R1Z-M2, OR1-M2, OR1Z-M2, M2 = M, R1-M, OR1-M, SR1-M, NR2R1-M; ZM2 = COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(M)CH<sub>2</sub>NHMe<sub>3</sub>, COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COM<sub>2</sub>, COCH(NHR<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>M<sub>2</sub>, etc.; Y = 4-COC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, COCH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, 3-OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub>, etc.] were prepared. For example, α-tocopherol reacted with 4-HO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub> to give the nitroxymethyl derivative II. The compds. of general formula I are nitrate prodrugs which can release nitric oxide in vivo in a controlled and selective way and without hypotensive side effects and for this reason they are useful for the preparation of medicines for prevention and treatment of inflammatory, ischemic, degenerative and

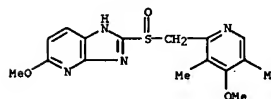


REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

proliferative diseases of musculoskeletal, tegumental, respiratory, gastrointestinal, genito-urinary and central nervous systems.  
IT 586349-19-1P  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of nitrate prodrugs for treating or preventing inflammatory, ischemic, degenerative, and proliferative diseases)  
RN 586349-19-1 CA  
CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl]methyl]sulfinyl]-, mononitrate (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 113712-98-4  
CMF C16 H18 N4 O3 S



CH 2

CRN 7697-37-2  
CMF H N O3



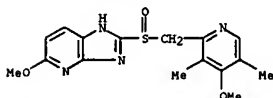
REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 36 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:326593 CA  
 TITLE: Granules containing acid-unstable chemicals in large amount  
 INVENTOR(S): Shimizu, Toshihiro; Nakano, Yoshinori  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003032953   | A1   | 20030424 | WO 2002-JP10720 | 20021016 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, HR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| CA 2463690  | AA   | 20030424 | CA 2002-2463690 | 20021016 |
| JP 2003192579   | A2   | 20030709 | JP 2002-301866  | 20021016 |
| EP 1459737  | A1   | 20040922 | EP 2002-775358  | 20021016 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK   |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2005003005   | A1   | 20050106 | US 2004-492690  | 20040415 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-319444 A 20011017<br>WO 2002-JP10720 W 20021016  |      |          |                 |          |

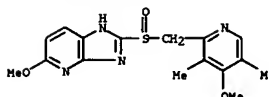
OTHER SOURCE(S): HARPAT 138:326593  
 AB It is intended to provide preps. such as capsules containing acid-unstable chemical (in particular, a benzimidazole compound having an antilucer effect, etc.) at a high concentration which are prepared by using about 12 % by weight or more (based on the total granules) of the acid-unstable chemical and blending a basic inorg. salt therewith to give granules of about 600 µm or more in the average grain size. Granules were prepared containing lansoprazole 30, sucrose/starch spherical particles 50, MgCO<sub>3</sub> 10, sucrose 30, starch 14, low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose 15, and hydroxypropyl cellulose 1 part. The granules were filled into capsules, which were then coated with enteric-soluble polymethacrylate compns.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU 199  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (granules containing acid-unstable compds. and inorg. salts)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 37 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:296876 CA  
 TITLE: Tenatoprazole: benatoprazole, TU 199  
 AUTHOR(S): Anon.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: N. Z.  
 SOURCE: Drugs in R&D (2002), 3(4), 276-277  
 CODEN: DRDPD; ISSN: 1174-5886  
 PUBLISHER: Adis International Ltd.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal General Review  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB A review. Benatoprazole [TU 199; tenatoprazole] is an imidazopyridine derivative and a proton pump inhibitor. It is under development with Mitsubishi Pharma Corporation (Mitsubishi Chemical) and Hokuriku Seiyaku (BASF Pharma, now Abbott Labs.) in Japan as an oral antilucer agent and for the treatment of reflux esophagitis and Zollinger-Ellison syndrome. An application for approval of benatoprazole (formerly tenatoprazole) has been registered in Japan. The pharmacodynamics and application in therapy for peptic ulcer disease are discussed.  
 IT 113712-98-4, Tenatoprazole  
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmacodynamics and antilucer application of proton pump inhibitor tenatoprazole (benatoprazole, TU 199))  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 36 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

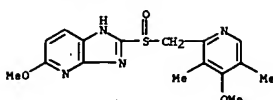
L12 ANSWER 38 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:260440 CA  
 TITLE: Self emulsifying drug delivery system containing NSAIDs  
 INVENTOR(S): Holmberg, Christina  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003022249   | A1   | 20030320 | WO 2002-SE1598  | 20020905 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| EP 1427392  | A1   | 20040616 | EP 2002-765747  | 20020905 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK   |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 2005504788   | T2   | 20050217 | JP 2003-526379  | 20020905 |
| US 2004248974   | A1   | 20041209 | US 2004-488585  | 20040304 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: SE 2001-2993 A 20010907<br>WO 2002-SE1598 W 20020905   |      |          |                 |          |

OTHER SOURCE(S): HARPAT 138:260440  
 AB A pharmaceutical composition suitable for oral administration, in form of an emulsion pre-concentrate, comprises 1 or more NO-releasing NSAID(s), 1 or more surfactants, of which at least one is phospholipid, the composition forming an in-situ oil-in-water emulsion upon contact with gastrointestinal fluids. The composition may optionally also comprise an addnl. oil or semi-solid fat.  
 Further, 1 or more short-chain alcs. can optionally be included in the composition. Also within the scope of the invention is a combination with a proton pump inhibitor. The pharmaceutical composition is useful in the treatment of pain and inflammation. Further within the scope of the invention is kit comprising a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention in a unit dosage form, in combination with a proton pump inhibitor, and the proton pump inhibitor is enteric coated. Thus, a formulation contained Lipoid S100 0.30, propylene glycol 0.90, and a NO-releasing NSAID 4.00 g.  
 IT 113712-98-4  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (self emulsifying drug delivery system containing NSAIDs)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 38 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

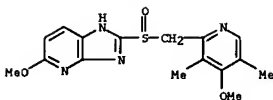
L12 ANSWER 39 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

135:314438 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Proteolipid subunits of vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase (ATP6F) as tumor antigens, application to cancer therapy, and use of proton pump inhibitor as anticancer agent  
 INVENTOR(S): Sato, Nobuo; Suzuki, Nobutaka; Yamaguchi, Masaaki; Yamaguchi, Nobuo; Okuma, Katsuji  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 79 pp.  
 CODEN: JPKOAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.     | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 2001286284  | A2   | 20011016 | JP 2000-103966  | 20000405 |
| JP 2000-103966 |      |          | JP 2000-103966  | 20000405 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB Proteolipid subunits of vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase (V-ATPase) as tumor antigens, use of antibodies and antisense oligonucleotides targeting those antigens as anticancer agent, and use of proton pump inhibitor as anticancer agent, are disclosed. Tumor antigen recognized by monoclonal antibody KCT-1 was isolated from thyroid cancer cell line TPC-1. The amino acid sequence of this antigen named SSY (S-1) was found match that of vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase proteolipid subunit (ATP6F, c' subunit). The epitope of SSY antigen for KCT-1 antibody was determined. SSY antigen was found to strongly expressed in all the cancers examined: thyroid cancer, breast cancer, stomach cancer, esophagus cancer (squamous cell carcinoma), laryngeal cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, anal cancer, pancreatic cancer, lung cancer, renal cancer, bladder cancer, ovarian cancer, uterus cancer, cervical cancer, cunnus cancer, skin cancer, melanoma, central or peripheral nervous system cancer, gingival cancer, pharyngeal carcinoma, mediastinal tumor, liver cancer, bile duct cancer (cholangioloma), gallbladder cancer, renal pelvis tumor, ureter cancer, testicular cancer, fallopian tube cancer, vaginal cancer, sarcoma, leukemia, erythroleukemia, multiple myeloma, malignant lymphoma, and carcinosarcoma. CDNA for a mouse homolog was cloned. Intradermal, s.c., and oral administration of the antigen in mouse demonstrated antitumor activity and safety. Antitumor activity was also demonstrated by phosphorothioate antisense oligonucleotide. Various inhibitors of V-ATPase, H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase, and H<sup>+</sup>/Cl<sup>-</sup> symporter were found to have antitumor activity.  
 IT 113712-98-4 TU-139  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (proteolipid subunits of vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase (ATP6F) as tumor antigens, application to cancer therapy, and use of proton pump inhibitor as anticancer agent)  
 RW 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SC1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 39 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 40 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

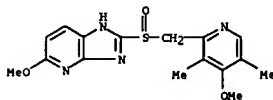
135:231708 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: New self emulsifying drug delivery system  
 INVENTOR(S): Holmberg, Christina; Siekmann, Britta  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AstraZeneca AB, Swed.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 56 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2001060988   | A1   | 20010913 | WO 2001-SE467   | 20010306   |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, B2, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM |      |          |                 |            |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, CN, GA, GN, GW, HL, HR, HU, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |            |
| CA 2401498  | AA   | 20010913 | CA 2001-2401498 | 20010306   |
| EP 1267832  | A1   | 20030102 | EP 2001-910305  | 20010306   |
| EP 1267832  | B1   | 20040602 |                 |            |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR   |      |          |                 |            |
| BR 2001009014   | A    | 20030603 | BR 2001-9014    | 20010306   |
| JP 2003525894   | T2   | 20030902 | JP 2001-564741  | 20010306   |
| EE 200200500  | A    | 20040216 | EE 2002-500     | 20010306   |
| AT 268162   | E    | 20040615 | AT 2001-910305  | 20010306   |
| NZ 521009   | A    | 20040625 | NZ 2001-521009  | 20010306   |
| PT 1267832  | T    | 20040930 | PT 2001-910305  | 20010306   |
| ES 2220728  | T3   | 20041216 | ES 2001-1910305 | 20010306   |
| ZA 2002006740   | A    | 20031124 | ZA 2002-6740    | 20020822   |
| US 2003161846   | A1   | 20030828 | US 2002-220791  | 20020905   |
| NO 2002004272   | A    | 20021105 | NO 2002-4272    | 20020906   |
| HK 1050632  | A1   | 20050318 | HK 2003-102781  | 20030416   |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  |      |          | SE 2000-773     | A 20000308 |
|   |      |          | WO 2001-SE467   | W 20010306 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:231708  
 AB The present invention claims and discloses a pharmaceutical composition suitable for oral administration, in form of an emulsion pre-concentrate, comprising: 1 or more NO-releasing NSAID(s), 1 or more surfactants, optionally an addnl. oil or semi-solid fat. The composition forms an in-situ oil-in-water emulsion upon contact with gastrointestinal fluids. The composition may optionally also comprise 1 or more short-chain alcs. Also within the scope of the invention is a combination with a proton pump inhibitor. The pharmaceutical composition is useful in the treatment of pain and inflammation. Further within the scope of the invention is kit comprising a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention in a unit dosage form, in combination with a proton pump inhibitor, and the proton pump inhibitor is enteric coated. Thus, a semisolid formulation contained a NO-releasing NSAID 750, Pluronic F127 450, and omeprazole 20 g.  
 IT 113712-98-4  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (self emulsifying drug delivery system)

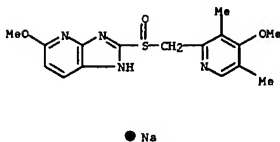
10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 40 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 41 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)  
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (liq. formulations of substituted benzimidazoles as proton pump inhibitors for treatment of gastrointestinal diseases)  
 RN 335299-59-7 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 41 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 134:316135 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Formulation of substituted benzimidazoles  
 INVENTOR(S): Bruells, Mikael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca Ab, Swed.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND   | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.   | DATE       |
|------------------------|--|----------|-------------------|------------|
| WO 2001028558          | A1   | 20010426 | WO 2000-SE1992    | 20001013   |
| W:                     | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM |          |                   |            |
| RW:                    | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG   |          |                   |            |
| CA 2425199             | AA   | 20010426 | CA 2000-2425199   | 20001013   |
| BR 2000014895          | A  | 20020618 | BR 2000-14895     | 20001013   |
| TR 200201103           | T2   | 20020821 | TR 2002-200201103 | 20001013   |
| EP 1274427             | A1   | 20030115 | EP 2000-973295    | 20001013   |
| R:                     | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL   |          |                   |            |
| JP 2003512327          | T2   | 20030402 | JP 2001-531388    | 20001013   |
| KE 200200204           | A  | 20030415 | KE 2002-204       | 20001013   |
| NZ 518155              | A  | 20040730 | NZ 2000-518155    | 20001013   |
| US 6730685             | B1   | 20040504 | US 2000-701714    | 20001201   |
| BG 106602              | A  | 20021229 | BG 2002-106602    | 20020410   |
| ZA 2002002905          | A  | 20030714 | ZA 2002-2905      | 20020412   |
| NO 2002001860          | A  | 20020521 | NO 2002-1860      | 20020419   |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |  |          | SE 1999-3831      | A 19991022 |
|                        |  |          | WO 2000-SE1992    | W 20001013 |

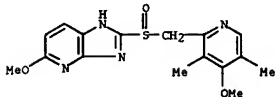
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:316135  
 AB The present invention relates to stable liquid formulations that comprise a water free or almost water free, polyethylene glycol solution of sodium or potassium salt of substituted benzimidazoles or their enantiomers as H<sub>2</sub>K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitors. Alternatively, the sodium or potassium salt of the H<sub>2</sub>K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor may be formed in situ in the polyethylene glycol solution by adding sodium or potassium hydroxide together with the active compound. The invention is also directed to the preparation of the claimed formulation, use of the stable liquid formulations in medicine and in the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases. For example, omeprazole sodium was formulated in a liquid formulation containing PEG 400. The solution was not sensitive to oxygen in the head space nor to a small water content. The high solubility of omeprazole sodium in PEG is favorable regarding the formulation aspects of a parenteral pharmaceutical product.  
 IT 335299-59-7  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

L12 ANSWER 42 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 133:203023 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Nitrosated and nitrosylated proton pump inhibitors, compositions and methods of use  
 INVENTOR(S): Garvey, David S.; Letts, L. Gordon; Tam, Sang William; Wang, Tiansheng; Richardson, Stewart K.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitronmed, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND   | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE        |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2000050037          | A1   | 20000831 | WO 2000-US2524  | 20000225    |
| W:                     | AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM |          |                 |             |
| RW:                    | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CH, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG   |          |                 |             |
| CA 2362930             | AA   | 20000831 | CA 2000-2362930 | 20000225    |
| EP 1154771             | A1   | 20011121 | EP 2000-910039  | 20000225    |
| R:                     | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO   |          |                 |             |
| JP 2002537336          | T2   | 20021105 | JP 2000-600648  | 20000225    |
| US 6852739             | B1   | 20050208 | US 2000-512829  | 20000225    |
| AU 781133              | B2   | 20050505 | AU 2000-32196   | 20000225    |
| AU 2000032196          | A5   | 20000914 |                 |             |
| US 2004266828          | A1   | 20041230 | US 2004-866303  | 20040614    |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |  |          | US 1999-12211P  | P 19990226  |
|                        |  |          | US 2000-512829  | A3 20000225 |
|                        |  |          | WO 2000-US2524  | W 20000225  |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:203023  
 AB The invention describes nitrosated and/or nitrosylated proton pump inhibitor compds., as well as compns. comprising 21 proton pump inhibitor compound that is optionally substituted with 21 NO and/or NO2 group, and, optionally, 21 compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, stimulates endogenous synthesis of nitric oxide, elevates endogenous levels of endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase, and/or 21 nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug, selective COX-2 inhibitor antacid, bismuth-containing reagent, acid-degradable antibacterial compound, and mixts. thereof. The invention also provides methods for treating and/or preventing gastrointestinal disorders; facilitating ulcer healing; decreasing the recurrence of ulcers; improving gastroprotective properties; anti-Helicobacter pylori properties or antacid properties of proton pump inhibitors; decreasing or reducing the gastrointestinal toxicity associated with the use of nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compds.; and treating Helicobacter pylori and viral infections. The compds. and/or compns. of the present invention can also be provided in the form of a pharmaceutical kit. Preparation of e.g. nitrosylated lansoprazole is described. Compared to lansoprazole, the nitrosylated lansoprazole significantly inhibited the formation of EtOH/HCl-induced gastric lesions.  
 IT 113712-98-4D, Tenatoprazole, nitrosated and nitrosylated

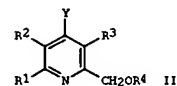
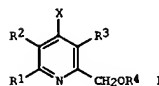
L12 ANSWER 42 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 derivs.  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (nitrosated and nitrosylated proton pump inhibitors, compns., combinations, and methods of use)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

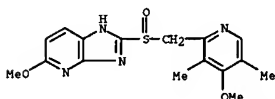
L12 ANSWER 43 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 132:64176 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: Preparation of 2-hydroxymethylpyridine metal complexes as intermediates for pyridinebenzimidazoles.  
 INVENTOR(S): Nikolopoulos, Angelo; Schickneder, Helmut; Kocher, Christian; Murphy, Trevor; Hermann, Gesine  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): Russinsky Limited, Ire.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2000000474   | A1   | 20000106 | WO 1999-1E55    | 19990618   |
| W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SF, BJ, CF, CG, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                 |            |
| AU 9943877  | A1   | 20000117 | AU 1999-43877   | 19990618   |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:   |      |          | IE 1998-514     | A 19980626 |
|   |      |          | WO 1999-1E55    | W 19990618 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:64176; MARPAT 132:64176   |      |          |                 |            |
| GI  |      |          |                 |            |



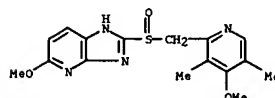
AB 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 k = 1-4; l = 1-3; m = 0-3; n ≥ 0; z = 1+m with a proviso and  
 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 alkylthioalkylthio; z = m; other variables as above), were prepared. Thus, 4-nitro-2,3,5-trimethylpyridine N-oxide was heated in HOAc/Ac2O at 20-100° for 1 h to give 88% 2-acetoxymethyl derivative, which was stirred at 10-30° with NaOH in EtOH for 1 h to give 84% 3,5-dimethyl-2-hydroxymethyl-4-nitropyridine (II). II in MeOH was treated with ZnCl2 and with NaOMe in MeOH to give 100% Zn(II)ClOMe.  
 IT  
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of 2-hydroxymethylpyridine metal complexes as intermediates for

L12 ANSWER 43 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 pyridinebenzimidazoles)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 44 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 131:208915 CA  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:  
 TITLE: General pharmacological properties of the new proton pump inhibitor (±)-5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine  
 AUTHOR(S): Kakinoki, Bunpei; Ono, Chizuko; Yamazaki, Noriyuki; Chikamatsu, Noriko; Wakatsuki, Daisuke; Uchiyama, Kazuyuki; Morinaka, Yasuhiro  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Research Group II, Kazusa Research Laboratories, Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Kisarazu, Japan  
 SOURCE: Methods and Findings in Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology (1999), 21(3), 179-187  
 CODEN: MFEPDX; ISSN: 0379-0355  
 PUBLISHER: Prous Science  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The general pharmacol. profiles of the title compound TU-199 on the central nervous system, cardiorespiratory system, autonomic nervous system, gastrointestinal system and renal functions were investigated. TU-199 had no effects on general signs and behavior in mice. TU-199 (300 mg/kg p.o.) decreased locomotor activity 3 h after administration in mice. TU-199 had no effect on pentobarbital-induced hypnosis, analgesic activity and electroshock-induced convulsion in mice, and on rectal temperature in rats. However, TU-199 (300 mg/kg p.o.) showed slight anticonvulsant activity on pentylenetetrazole-induced convulsion in mice. TU-199 had no effect on respiratory rate, blood pressure, heart rate, femoral blood flow and ECG in anesthetized dogs. TU-199 (10-4 M) caused the cumulative concentration-response curve obtained with acetylcholine in isolated guinea pig ileum to shift to the right. However, TU-199 showed no effect on contraction of isolated guinea pig ileum and had no effect on intestinal motility in mice, gastric emptying in mice, bile secretion in rats and carbachol-induced salivary secretion in mice. TU-199 had no effect on urinary volume and excretion of electrolytes in rats. These results suggest that TU-199 does not induce serious adverse effects on the central nervous system, cardiorespiratory system, autonomic nervous system, gastrointestinal system and renal functions with the exception of a decrease in spontaneous motor activity with high doses.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmacol. properties of proton pump inhibitor TU-199)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/507,485

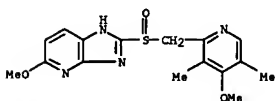
L12 ANSWER 45 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:184948 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of benzimidazolylsulfonylethylarylamines as (H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>) ATPase inhibitors useful as antiviral agents.  
 INVENTOR(S): Moormann, Alan E.; Becker, Daniel P.; Flynn, Daniel L.; Li, Hui; Villamil, Clara I.  
 PATENT ASSIGNER(S): G.D. Searle and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 54 pp., Cont.-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-00201 USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 5945425  | A    | 19990831 | US 1996-737251  | 19961024 |
| WO 9529897  | A1   | 19951109 | WO 1995-US5021  | 19950501 |
| W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2001047038   | A1   | 20011129 | US 2001-885221  | 20010620 |
| US 6906078  | B2   | 20050614 |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLM. INFO.:  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1994-235619 B2 19940429  |      |          |                 |          |
| WO 1995-US5021 W 19950501   |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1996-659098 B1 19960604  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1999-377888 B1 19990819  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2000-605560 B1 20000627  |      |          |                 |          |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:184948  
 AB A method of treating viral infection comprises treatment with R2 (CR3R4)pSOM(CR4R5)NR1 [R1 = (substituted) alkoxy, alkoxy-carbonyl, dialkylamino, aryl, heteroaryl; R2 = (substituted) heteroaryl; R3-R6 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; R3R4, R5R6 = cycloalkyl; a, n, p = 0-2]. Thus, 2-mercaptobenzimidazole and 2-aminobenzyl alc. were heated in HOAc/H2SO4 to give 2-[(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)thiomethyl]benzenesamine. The latter in CHCl3 was treated with 2-[(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)sulfinylethyl]benzenesamine. Title compds. inhibited HCMV replication with EC50 = 13-61 µM.  
 IT 124899-76-9  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of benzimidazolylsulfonylethylarylamines as (H<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>) ATPase inhibitors useful as antiviral agents)  
 RN 124899-76-9 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 2-[[4-ethoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-methoxy- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

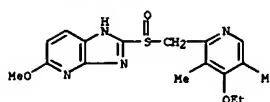
L12 ANSWER 46 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:139269 CA  
 TITLE: Effects of TU-199, a novel H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor, on gastric acid secretion and gastroduodenal ulcers in rats  
 AUTHOR(S): Uchiyama, Kazuyuki; Wakatsuki, Daisuke; Kakinoki, Bunpei; Takeuchi, Yoshishige; Araki, Tsutomu; Morinaka, Yasuhiro  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Research Group II, Kazusa Research Laboratories, Tokyo Tanabe Co. Ltd., Chiba, Japan  
 SOURCE: Methods and Findings in Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology (1999), 21(2), 115-122  
 CODEN: MFEPDX; ISSN: 0379-0355  
 PUBLISHER: Prous Science  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB We studied the effects of TU-199, a novel H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor, on gastric acid secretion and gastroduodenal lesions in rats in comparison with those of omeprazole. TU-199 inhibited hog gastric H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase activity and its potency was almost equal to that of omeprazole (IC50 = 6.2 and 4.2 µM, resp.). In vivo, TU-199 inhibited basal gastric acid secretion in pylorus-ligated rats in a dose-dependent manner (ED50 = 4.2 mg/kg p.o.). In gastric fistula rats, TU-199 (2.5 and 5 mg/kg i.d.) also inhibited gastric acid secretion stimulated by histamine, carbachol or tetragastrin. Furthermore, TU-199 prevented the formation of water-immersion restraint stress-, pylorus ligation- and indomethacin-induced gastric lesions, and nifedipine-induced duodenal ulcer in rats. These antisecretory and antiulcer effects of TU-199 were 2-4 times more potent than those of omeprazole. The results demonstrate that TU-199 potentially inhibits the acid secretion and formation of ulcers in various exptl. rat models via an inhibition of H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase. These findings suggest that TU-199 may have a beneficial effect against peptic ulcer disease in humans.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (effects of TU-199, a novel H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor, on gastric acid secretion and gastroduodenal ulcers in rats)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

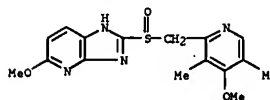
L12 ANSWER 45 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 47 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:125259 CA  
 TITLE: The long-lasting effect of TU-199, a novel H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor, on gastric acid secretion in dogs  
 AUTHOR(S): Uchiyama, Kazuyuki; Wakatsuki, Daisuke; Kakinoki, Bunpei; Takeuchi, Yoshishige; Araki, Tsutomu; Morinaka, Yasuhiro  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Research Group II, Kazusa Research Laboratories, Tokyo Tanabe Company Limited, Chiba, 292-0812, Japan  
 SOURCE: Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology (1999), 51(4), 457-464  
 CODEN: JPPHAB; ISSN: 0022-3573  
 PUBLISHER: Royal Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB We have used Heidenhain-pouch dogs to investigate the effects of (i)-5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (TU-199), an imidazopyridine derivative, on gastric acid secretion stimulated by histamine, carbachol and tetragastrin. We have also investigated the duration of the antisecretory effect of TU-199 using a measurement of intragastric pH for 24 h in gastric fistula dogs whose gastric acid secretion was stimulated by histamine. Single oral administration of TU-199 (0.1, 0.2 and 0.4 mg/kg-l) dose-dependently suppressed gastric acid secretion stimulated by histamine infusion. Oral treatment with TU-199 (0.2, 0.4 and 0.8 mg/kg-l) also dose-dependently inhibited acid secretion induced by carbachol and tetragastrin. The inhibitory effect of TU-199 on stimulated gastric acid secretion was more potent than that of omeprazole, a well-known H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor in dogs. Repeated oral treatment with TU-199 at a dose of 0.2 mg/kg-l once a day for seven days markedly suppressed histamine-stimulated gastric acid secretion in dogs. This inhibitory effect of TU-199 reached a maximum level after three or four doses and was more pronounced than that of omeprazole or lansoprazole. In gastric fistula dogs, the duration of intragastric pH-elevation by administration of TU-199 (0.3 mg/kg-l) was much longer than that of omeprazole (0.6 mg/kg-l) or lansoprazole (0.9 mg/kg-l). The IC50 values (doses resulting in 50% inhibition) of TU-199, omeprazole and lansoprazole with regard to H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase activity in dog gastric mucosal microsomes were 8.6, 8.8 and 9.9 µM, resp. These results indicate that TU-199 inhibits gastric acid secretion via suppression of a H<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase activity. Our findings also suggest that TU-199 might have potent and long-lasting effects on gastric acid secretion.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ATPase inhibitor TU-199 long-lasting effect on gastric acid secretion)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 47 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

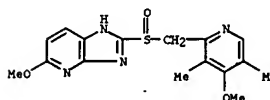
REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 48 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

131.96947 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmacokinetic studies of (±)-5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (TU-199). (V). Examination of drug interaction in plasma protein binding  
 AUTHOR(S): Kinbara, Mihoko; Ishiwata, Tomoe; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Kazusa Research Laboratories, Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Yana Kisarazu, 292-0812, Japan  
 SOURCE: Iyakuhin Kenkyu (1999), 30(3), 128-133  
 CODEN: IYKEDH ISSN: 0287-0894  
 PUBLISHER: Nippon Koteisho Kyokai  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese

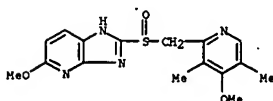
AB The present study was conducted to determine the types of protein to which TU-199 binds, and to examine whether 7 drugs (warfarin, diazepam, digitoxin, nifedipine, phenytoin, tolbutamide and propranolol) compete with TU-199 for binding to human plasma protein. In the evaluation of competitive binding, drugs were generally used at about 3 times their maximum plasma concentration (Cmax) obtained after a single oral administration to humans. 1. TU-199 (5 µg/mL) binding rates with purified human albumin, α1-acidic glycoprotein and γ-globulin were 99.4%, 54.9% and 23.8%, resp. 2. The TU-199 (5 µg/mL) binding rate with human plasma protein was 99.7%. 3. Of the 7 drugs tested, tolbutamide significantly decreased TU-199's plasma protein binding rate from 99.7% to 99.3% at 150 µg/mL, but caused no significant decrease at 50 µg/mL (Cmax). The other 6 drugs had no effect on the binding of TU-199 with plasma protein. 4. TU-199 had no effect on the binding of the 7 drugs with plasma protein.

IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); EPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process).  
 (pharmacokinetic studies of (±)-5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (TU-199). (V). examination of drug interaction in plasma protein binding)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



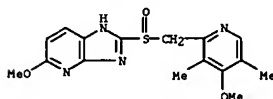
L12 ANSWER 49 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

131.96946 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmacokinetic studies of (±)-5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (TU-199). (IV). Plasma concentration of TU-199 in rats and dogs  
 AUTHOR(S): Saito, Shinko; Sebata, Noriyuki; Ishiwata, Tomoe; Kinbara, Mihoko; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Kazusa Research Laboratories, Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Yana Kisarazu, 292-0812, Japan  
 SOURCE: Iyakuhin Kenkyu (1999), 30(3), 119-127  
 CODEN: IYKEDH ISSN: 0287-0894  
 PUBLISHER: Nippon Koteisho Kyokai  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB Plasma concns. of TU-199 were determined after oral, i.v. and intraduodenal administration of TU-199 to rats and dogs. 1. After oral administration of TU-199 to non-fasting male rats at a dose of 2.5 mg/kg, the plasma concentration of TU-199 reached a maximum of 2.19 µg/mL at 0.26 h, and declined exponentially with a half-life of 1.38 h. The bioavailability was 37.2%. In the case of intraduodenal administration, the bioavailability was 76.6%. 2. After oral administration of TU-199 to male rats at the doses of 2.5, 10, and 40 mg/kg, both Cmax and AUC0-∞ were closely proportional to the dose. 3. After oral administration of TU-199 to male rats, the plasma concentration was higher and the bioavailability was about twice as high in fasting rats as compared with non-fasting rats. 4. After oral administration of TU-199 to male rats at a dose of 2.5 mg/kg, once a day for 7 days, the plasma concentration was similar to that after a single dose. 5. After oral administration of TU-199 to female rats, the plasma concentration was higher and T1/2 was longer than in male rats, but bioavailability was similar in both sexes. 6. After oral administration of TU-199 to female dogs, the plasma concentration of TU-199 was similar to that in male dogs. 7. After oral administration of TU-199 to fasting male and female dogs at a dose of 2.5 mg/kg, the plasma concentration of TU-199 reached a maximum of 10.11 µg/mL at 0.53 h, and declined exponentially with the half-life of 1.57 h. The bioavailability was 78.3%.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process).  
 (pharmacokinetic studies of (±)-5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrid-2-yl)methyl]sulfinyl]-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (TU-199). (IV). Plasma concentration of TU-199 in rats and dogs)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

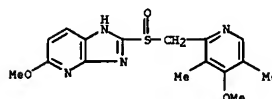


L12 ANSWER 49 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

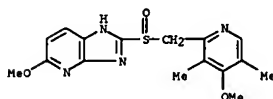
L12 ANSWER 50 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:320329 CA  
 TITLE: Pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (III). Metabolism in rats and dogs  
 AUTHOR(S): Kurosawa, Satoshi  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Tokai Res. Laboratories, Daiichi Pure Chemicals Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryo (1998), 26(12), 2017-2032  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB The pharmacokinetics of TU-199 were studied in rats and dogs following oral and i.v. administration. The results are discussed with regard to the metabolic pass way of TU-199.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (III). metabolism in rats and dogs)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



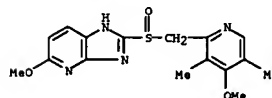
L12 ANSWER 51 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:306367 CA  
 TITLE: Mutagenicity study on TU-199  
 AUTHOR(S): Daigo, Hideor; Baba, Katsuyuki; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Safety Evaluation Group Kazusa Res. Laboratories R & D Div., Tokyo Co., Ltd., Kisarazu shi, Chiba, 292-0812, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryo (1998), 26(12), 1979-1992  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB A reverse mutation study using bacteria, a chromosomal aberration study using CHKL/IU cell and micronucleus test on TU-199, an anti-ulcer drug under development were conducted in mice. A reverse mutation study was performed using 5 bacterial strains (Salmonella typhimurium TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 and Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) by the direct method and the metabolic activation method by including a pre-incubation process. TU-199 did not increase the number of revertant colonies of any strain compared to the neg. controls in either the direct method or the metabolic activation method, indicating that it has no potential to induce reverse mutation. A chromosomal aberration study was performed using a Chinese hamster lung fibroblast cell line (CHL/IU) by the direct method and the metabolic activation method. After treatment with TU-199, the incidence of cells with structurally aberrant chromosomes was less than 5% in both the direct metabolic activation methods, indicating that TU-199 does not induce chromosomal aberration. A micronucleus test was performed by oral administration in 8-wk-old male ICR mice. No significant increase was observed in the incidence of micronuclei in polychromatic or normochromatic erythrocytes after administration of TU-199, indicating that TU-199 does not induce micronuclei under the conditions of the present study. Thus, from the results of these three test, we concluded that TU-199 does not cause mutation.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (mutagenicity study on TU-199)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 52 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:306366 CA  
 TITLE: Teratological study by oral administration of TU-199 in rabbits  
 AUTHOR(S): Umemura, Tatsu; Ishikura, Toshikazu; Morohashi, Tetsuo; Tamaki, Yasushi; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Kannami Lab. Bozo Res. Center Inc., Kannami-cho, Tagata-gun, Shizuoka, 419-0101, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryo (1998), 26(12), 1969-1978  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB A study was conducted in which TU-199 was administered orally to New Zealand White (Kb1:NZW) SPF rabbits, at dose levels of 2, 10, 5 and 250 mg/kg, once daily for a period of 13 days from day 6 to day 18 of gestation, which corresponds to the period of fetal organogenesis, and the effects on dams and their fetuses were examined. 1) Dams: In the dams, no effects from administration of the test article were observed in the 10 mg/kg and below groups. In the 50 and 250 mg/kg groups, a decrease in or depressed body weight gains were seen during the administration period and food consumption was also low. In the 250 mg/kg group, there was a decrease in the amount of feces and the excretion of reddish brown urine was noted in many animals. There were also some animals which aborted. In addition, in the same group, stomach wts. showed significantly high values. However, in the macrothol. findings and findings at Cesarean section, no effects from administration of the test article were observed. 2) Fetuses: For the fetuses, no effects from administration of the test article were seen on survival and growth in any of the treatment groups and no teratogenic effects were observed. Based on the above results and under the conditions of this study, the no-effect dose level for TU-199 was determined to be 10 mg/kg for general toxicol. effects on dams, 50 mg/kg for reproduction, and 250 mg/kg for effects on fetuses, and at 250 mg/kg it was judged to have no teratogenic effects.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (teratol. study by oral administration of TU-199 in rabbits)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



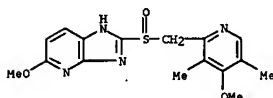
L12 ANSWER 53 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:306365 CA  
 TITLE: Teratological study by oral administration of TU 199 in rats  
 AUTHOR(S): Ishida, Shigeru; Fujioka, Minoru; Morohashi, Tetsuo; Tamaki, Yasushi; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Gotemba Lab. Bozo Res. Center Inc., Gotemba City Shizuoka, 412-0039, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryo (1998), 26(12), 1951-1968  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB A teratol. study was conducted in which TU-199 was administered orally by gavage to Crj:CD (SD) SPF rats, at dose levels of 4, 20, 100 and 500 mg/kg, for an 11-day period from day 7-17 of gestation, and the effects on dams, fetuses and newborn pups were examined. 1) Dams: In the general condition, reddish brown urine, thought to be discoloration caused by metabolites, was observed in the 500 mg/kg group. In the body weight and food consumption, mildly depressed body weight gains and a decrease in food consumption were seen in the 500 mg/kg group during the administration period. In the macrothol. findings and absolute organ wts. at Cesarean section and weaning, no effects from administration of the test article were observed. 2) Dams reproductive performance: There were no premature or aborted birth in any of the test groups and no effects from administration of the test article were observed in the Cesarean section data or parturition and lactation condition. 3) Fetuses: There was no decrease in the implantation index and no increase in the ratio of dead/resorbed fetuses in any of the test groups. In addition, there were no significant differences in the body weight of the live fetuses in each test group and no effects from administration of the test article were observed in the external, visceral and skeletal exams. 4) Newborn pups: No effects from administration of the test article were seen in any of the test groups in the external observation, body weight, viability, external differentiation, visceral examination of stillborn pups and pups that died, macrothol. findings at each stage, functional, behavioral and reproductive performance tests. Based on the above results and under the conditions of this study, it was determined that the general toxicol. no-effect dose level for dams was 100 mg/kg and the no-effect dose level for dams reproductive performance and for fetuses and newborn pups was 500 mg/kg.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU 199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (teratol. study by oral administration of TU 199 in rats)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



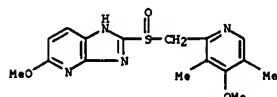


ACCESSION NUMBER: 130/306364 CA  
 TITLE: Thirteen-week oral toxicity study followed by five-week recovery study of TU-199 in beagle dogs  
 AUTHOR(S): Okamoto, Masami; Takahashi, Eiji; Akai, Hiroyuki; Tamura, Kazutoshi; Tagishi, Soichiro; Morohashi, Tetuo; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Kannami Lab. Bozo Res. Center Inc., Kannami-cho, Tagata-gun, Shizuoka, 419-0101, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryō (1998), 26(12), 1923-1949  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB A repeat administration toxicity study was conducted in which TU-199 was administered orally by gavage, at dose levels of 0.5, 5, 50 and 500 mg/kg to groups of 6 male and 6 female beagle dogs, daily for 13 wk. For 2 males and 2 females in each group, the drug was withdrawn for 5 wk and the reversibility examined. There were no deaths in males or females in the control group nor in any of the treatment groups. In the general condition, a high frequency of vomiting was seen in males and females in the 500 mg/kg group in week 1 or administration, and stool mixed with the test article was seen during the administration period in males and females in the 50 mg/kg and above groups. In the blood chemical, a high value for urea nitrogen was seen in males in the 500 mg/kg group. In the measurement of serum gastrin concentration, high values were seen in males and females in the 5 mg/kg and above groups. In the pathol. examination, changes in the stomach were seen in males and females in the 5 mg/kg and above groups and a change in the thyroid in males and females in the 500 mg/kg group. In the stomach, dilation and hypertrophy of the mucous membrane in the body of the stomach were seen macroscopically, and histol., hypertrophy together with edema and fibrosis of the mucous membrane in the corpus ventriculi, and increase in parietal cells, vacuolation of the parietal cells, dilation of the fundic glands and partial epithelial necrosis in the fundic glands were seen. In the thyroid, hypertrophy of the follicular epithelial cells was seen. No changes thought to be effects from administration of the test article were seen in the body weight, food consumption, urinalysis, hematology, ophthalmol. or electrocardiograms. In the recovery study with withdrawal of the drug for 5 wk, changes were seen only in the stomach and the other changes seen during the administration period were not observed. The changes in the stomach were, dilation and hypertrophy of the mucous membrane in the body of the stomach seen macroscopically in the 5 mg/kg and above groups, but histol., only a slight increase in parietal cells was seen in the 50 and 500 mg/kg groups, and the change was considered to be reversible. Based on the above results, the no-effect dose level of TU-199 in a 13 wk repeat administration toxicity study by oral administration in beagle dogs was judged to be 0.5 mg/kg day.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (thirteen-week oral toxicity study followed by five-week recovery study of TU-199 in beagle dogs)

L12 ANSWER 54 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 130/306363 CA  
 TITLE: Thirteen-week oral toxicity study followed by five-week recovery study of TU-199 in rats  
 AUTHOR(S): Morohashi, Tetsuo; Tagishi, Soichiro; Sakurada, Hiroshi; Sebata, Noriyuki; Morotome, Kazuo  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Safety Evaluation Group Kazusa Res. Laboratories R & D Div., Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Kisarazu-shi, Chiba, 282-0812, Japan  
 SOURCE: Yakuri to Chiryō (1998), 26(12), 1897-1922  
 CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603  
 PUBLISHER: Raifu Sainsu Shuppan K.K.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 AB A short-term oral toxicity study of TU-199, which is expected to be useful as an anti-peptic ulcer drug, was conducted using rats as a part of its safety evaluation program. TU-199 was orally administered at 10, 30, 100 and 500 mg/kg for 13 wk. Reversibility was evaluated after a 5-wk drug-free rest period. No animal died during the study period and no change attributable to the test material was observed in body weight or food consumption. In the observation of general symptoms and urinalysis, males given 100 mg/kg or greater doses and females given 500 mg/kg showed red-brown urine, which was thought to reflect the color of metabolites. Changes attributable to the test material were observed mainly in the stomach, liver and thyroid. Regarding the stomach, males and females from all treated groups showed increases in weight and eosinophilia of secretory granules associated with hypertrophy of chief cells, changes which were thought to be due to pharmacol. activity of the drug. Males given 100 mg/kg or greater doses and females given 110 mg/kg or greater doses sporadically showed slight single-cell necrosis in the chief cell region. Males given 30 mg/kg or greater doses and females given 100 mg/kg or greater doses showed increases in liver weight and changes such as decreases in transaminase levels and increases in total cholesterol levels. Males and females given 500 mg/kg showed decreases in thyroid colloid. Males given 500 mg/kg also showed decreases in T3 levels and slight anemia. These changes were reversed or showed a tendency to reversal during a 5-wk drug-free rest period, indicating that they are reversible. In conclusion, the toxicol. no-observed effect level in males and females were thought to be 30 mg/kg and 10 mg/kg or below because single-cell necrosis were not observed in the chief cell region.  
 IT 113712-98-4, TU-199  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (thirteen-week oral toxicity study followed by five-week recovery study of TU-199 in rats)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 56 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

Pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (II). Absorption, distribution and excretion after multiple administration to rats and transfer into fetus and milk

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

AB The pharmacokinetics of TU-199 were studied in male and pregnant female rats following repeated and single administration, resp., using 14C-TU-199. The results are discussed with regard to tissue distribution and excretion and transfer into the fetus and milk during pregnancy.

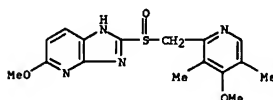
IT 113712-98-4, TU-199

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (II). Absorption, distribution and excretion after multiple administration to rats and transfer into fetus and milk)

RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 57 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

Pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (I). Absorption, distribution and excretion after single administration to rats and dogs

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

CODEN: YACHDS; ISSN: 0386-3603

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

AB The pharmacokinetics of TU-199 a.g. absorption, distribution and excretion were studied in rats and dogs following oral or i.v. administration of 14C-TU-199.

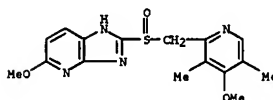
IT 113712-98-4, TU-199

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(pharmacokinetic studies of TU-199. (I). Absorption, distribution and excretion after single administration to rats and dogs)

RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 58 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

Multiple unit pharmaceutical preparations containing

proton pump inhibitor

Bergstrand, Pontus John Arvid; Loevgren, Kurt Ingmar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|------------------|----------|
| WO 9601624  | A1   | 19960125 | WO 1995-SE678    | 19950607 |
| W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT |      |          |                  |          |
| RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                  |          |
| CA 2170644  | AA   | 19960125 | CA 1995-2170644  | 19950607 |
| CA 2170995  | AA   | 19960126 | CA 1995-2170995  | 19950607 |
| AU 9529938  | A1   | 19960209 | AU 1995-29938    | 19950607 |
| AU 695971   | B2   | 19960827 |                  |          |
| EP 723437   | A1   | 19960731 | EP 1995-926055   | 19950607 |
| EP 723437   | B1   | 20040908 |                  |          |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE   |      |          |                  |          |
| CN 1134667  | A    | 19961030 | CN 1995-190816   | 19950607 |
| CN 1134668  | A    | 19961030 | CN 1995-190819   | 19950607 |
| JP 09502740   | T2   | 19970318 | JP 1995-504249   | 19950607 |
| HU 75934  | A2   | 19970528 | HU 1996-574      | 19950607 |
| BR 9506028  | A    | 19971014 | BR 1995-6028     | 19950607 |
| EE 3292   | B1   | 20001016 | EE 1996-32       | 19950607 |
| PL 180598   | B1   | 20010330 | PL 1995-313388   | 19950607 |
| RU 2166935  | C2   | 20010520 | RU 1996-107040   | 19950607 |
| SK 283841   | B6   | 20040302 | SK 1996-300      | 19950607 |
| EP 1452172  | A2   | 20040901 | EP 2004-11147    | 19950607 |
| EP 1452172  | A3   | 20041103 |                  |          |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV   |      |          |                  |          |
| AT 275396   | E    | 20040915 | AT 1995-926055   | 19950607 |
| CZ 294380   | B6   | 20041215 | CZ 1996-730      | 19950607 |
| ES 2227556  | T3   | 20050401 | ES 1995-926055   | 19950607 |
| TW 421599   | B    | 20010211 | TW 1995-84106116 | 19950615 |
| US 5753265  | A    | 19980519 | US 1995-464774   | 19950622 |
| ZA 9505546  | A    | 19960108 | ZA 1995-5546     | 19950704 |
| ZA 9505547  | A    | 19960108 | ZA 1995-5547     | 19950704 |
| IL 114447   | A1   | 20020912 | IL 1995-114447   | 19950704 |
| FI 9601058  | A    | 19960307 | FI 1996-1058     | 19960307 |
| FI 9601059  | A    | 19960307 | FI 1996-1059     | 19960307 |
| NO 9600948  | A    | 19960307 | NO 1996-948      | 19960307 |
| HK 1008298  | A1   | 20050218 | HK 1998-109226   | 19980717 |
| SE 1994-2431 A 19940708   |      |          |                  |          |
| EP 1995-926055 A3 19950607  |      |          |                  |          |
| WO 1995-SE678 W 19950607  |      |          |                  |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB A new pharmaceutical multiple unit tablet dosage form containing an acid labile H<sub>2</sub>K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase inhibitor or an alkaline salt thereof or one of its single

L12 ANSWER 58 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

enantiomers or an alk. salt thereof is claimed. Tablet core contg. lansoprazole 400, sugar sphere seeds 400, HPMC 82, Na lauryl sulfate 3, and water 1600 were coated with a sepp. layer in a fluid bed app. contg. talc and Mg stearate and HPMC. An enteric coating soln. cong. methacrylic acid copolymer and polysorbate and glycerides was sprayed onto the pellets covered with sepp. layer in a fluid bed app. Enteric coating layer pellets 82 and microcryst. cellulose 191 g were mixed and compressed into tablets.

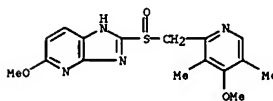
IT 113712-98-4

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(multiple unit pharmaceutical preps. containing proton pump inhibitor)

RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/507,485

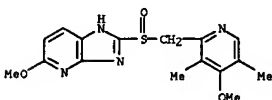
L12 ANSWER 59 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:202255 CA  
 TITLE: Preparation of sulfur-containing heterocyclic (H+/K+) ATPase inhibitors as antiviral agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Moormann, Alan E.; Becker, Daniel P.; Flynn, Daniel L.; Li, Rui; Villamil, Clara I.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G. D. Searle and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 212 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKX2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9529897  | A1   | 19951109 | WO 1995-US5021  | 19950501 |
| W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| AU 9523950  | A1   | 19951129 | AU 1995-23950   | 19950501 |
| US 5945425  | A    | 19990831 | US 1996-737251  | 19961024 |
| US 2001047038   | A1   | 20011129 | US 2001-895221  | 20010620 |
| US 6906078  | B2   | 20050614 |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1994-235619 A2 19940429  |      |          |                 |          |
| WO 1995-US5021 W 19950501   |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1996-659098 B1 19960604  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 1999-377888 B1 19990819  |      |          |                 |          |
| US 2000-605560 B1 20000627  |      |          |                 |          |

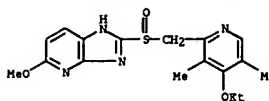
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:202255  
 AB The title compds., which are (H+/K+) ATPase inhibitors, useful for the treatment of viral infections, are prepared and formulations containing them are claimed. Thus, 2-[(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)sulfinylmethyl]-N,N-dimethylbenzenamine, m.p. 107-109°, was prepared and demonstrated a (H+/K+) ATPase IC50 of 0.7 µM.  
 IT 124899-76-9P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of sulfur-containing heterocyclic (H+/K+) ATPase inhibitors as antiviral agents)  
 RN 124899-76-9 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 2-[[[(4-ethoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 60 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:179490 CA  
 TITLE: Stabilized preparations containing antiulcer agents and inorganic salts  
 INVENTOR(S): Matsushita, Tomohisa; Hashimoto, Akio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokyo Tanabe Co, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.   | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 07157430  | A2   | 19950620 | JP 1994-242687  | 19941006 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:   |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 1994-242687 A 19941006  |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 1993-254048 19931012  |      |          |                 |          |
| AB Stable preps. contain acid-labile antiulcer 2-[(2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridines and basic inorg. salts as stabilizers. TU-199 (1 g) was mixed with 1 g Al(OH)3 gel and left at 40° and 75% relative humidity for 2 wk to show no discoloration. |      |          |                 |          |
| IT 113712-98-4, TU 199   |      |          |                 |          |
| RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)<br>(stabilization of antiulcer imidazopyridines by inorg. basic salts)   |      |          |                 |          |
| RN 113712-98-4 CA  |      |          |                 |          |
| CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)   |      |          |                 |          |



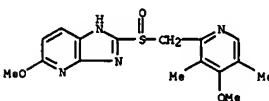
L12 ANSWER 59 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 61 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:65832 CA  
 TITLE: Tablet containing enteric granules  
 INVENTOR(S): Matsushita, Tomohisa; Hashimoto, Mitsuo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokyo Tanabe Co. Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXKX2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9510264  | A1   | 19950420 | WO 1994-JP1675  | 19941006 |
| W: AU, CA, JP, KR, US   |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE    |      |          |                 |          |
| CA 2173506  | AA   | 19950420 | CA 1994-2173506 | 19941006 |
| AU 9478222  | A1   | 19950504 | AU 1994-78222   | 19941006 |
| AU 683092   | B2   | 19971030 |                 |          |
| EP 723777   | A1   | 19960731 | EP 1994-929012  | 19941006 |
| EP 723777   | B1   | 20020703 |                 |          |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE |      |          |                 |          |
| AT 219931   | E    | 20020715 | AT 1994-929012  | 19941006 |
| PT 723777   | T    | 20021129 | PT 1994-929012  | 19941006 |
| ES 2179079  | T3   | 20030116 | ES 1994-929012  | 19941006 |
| US 5798120  | A    | 19980825 | US 1996-624510  | 19960405 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  |      |          |                 |          |
| JP 1993-254049 A 19931012   |      |          |                 |          |
| WO 1994-JP1675 W 19941006   |      |          |                 |          |

AB A tablet comprises enteric granules prepared by tableting a mixture of enteric granules containing a basis with at least one member selected from the group consisting of synthetic hydroxycalcite, dried aluminum hydroxide gel, a coppt. of aluminum hydroxide with sodium hydrogencarbonate, aluminum magnesium hydroxide, synthetic aluminum silicate and dihydroxyaluminum aminoacetate. As compared with the conventional tablets containing coated granules, this tablet has the following advantages: the content of enteric granules is increased by using a specified filler; the basis is rapidly dispersed in the granules; the granules have drug-release ability and acid resistance comparable tablet has a high strength. The technique of preparing a tablet having a high enteric granule content has merits of an improved administrability due to a reduced size of the tablet and the applicability to other drugs.  
 IT 113712-98-4  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Tablet containing enteric granules comprising hydroxycalcite or other substances)  
 RN 113712-98-4 CA  
 CN 1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 61 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L12 ANSWER 62 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 120:164168 CA

TITLE: Preparation of 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]thio]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine and its intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Amano, Michiaki; Takeda, Haruki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokyo Tanabe Co, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKKOAF

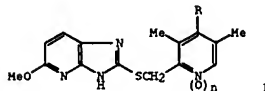
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE                | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|---------------------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 05222038            | A2   | 19930831            | JP 1992-25002   | 19920212 |
| JP 3158599             | B2   | 20010423            |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |                     | JP 1992-25002   | 19920212 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S):       |      | CASREACT 120:164168 |                 |          |
| GI                     |      |                     |                 |          |



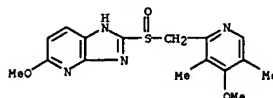
AB The title compound (I; R = MeO, n = 0) (II), useful as an intermediate for a known antiulcer agent, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, is prepared. Thus, 4-chloro-2-chloromethyl-3,5-dimethylpyridine N-oxide was stirred with 2-mercapto-5-methoxyimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine in EtOH at 35° for 2.5 h to give 82% I (R = Cl, n = 1) which was refluxed with NaOMe in MeOH-PhMe for 4 h to give 71% I (R = MeO, n = 1). This was stirred with PCl3 in CH2Cl2 at room temperature for 3 h to give 95% II.

IT 113712-98-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(intermediate for, methoxy[(methoxydimethylpyridyl)methyl]thio]imidazo-  
pyridine as)

RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 62 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L12 ANSWER 63 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 112:77192 CA

TITLE: Preparation of imidazo[4,5-b]pyridines as antiulcer agents and their pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S): Matsushita, Naoto; Takeda, Haruki; Iizumi, Kenichi; Murakami, Seichi; Hisamitsu, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKKOAF

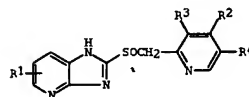
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE                                 | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 01190682            | A2   | 19890731                             | JP 1988-10788   | 19880122 |
| JP 06033261            | B4   | 19940502                             |                 |          |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |                                      | JP 1988-10788   | 19880122 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S):       |      | CASREACT 112:77192; MARPAT 112:77192 |                 |          |
| GI                     |      |                                      |                 |          |



AB Title compds. I (R1 = (cyclic alkyl-substituted) C1-4 linear or branched alkoxy, OCH2CF3; R2 = C2-4 linear or branched alkoxy, OCH2CF3; R3, R4 = H, Me), useful as antiulcer agents, are prepared. 2-Mercapto-5-methoxyimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine was treated with 2-chloromethyl-4-ethoxy-3,5-dimethylpyridine.HCl in EtOH at 60° for 2 h to give 87.8% 2-(2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-ethoxy)pyridylmethylthio)-5-methoxyimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (II). Oxidation of II with m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid in CHCl3 at 0-5° for 10 min gave 80.6% corresponding sulfinyl compound, which at 1 x 10<sup>-3</sup> M showed 100% inhibition against (H<sup>+</sup> + K<sup>+</sup>) ATPase, vs. 38.7% for omeprazole. A tablet formulation was given. Some of I had LD50 of ≥4000 mg/kg and ≥500 mg/kg in rats p.o. and i.p., resp.

IT 124899-76-9P

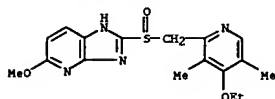
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of, as antiulcer agent)

RN 124899-76-9 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 2-[[[(4-ethoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-methoxy- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/507,485

L12 ANSWER 63 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)



L12 ANSWER 64 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM

ACCESSION NUMBER: 108:150480 CA

TITLE: Preparation, testing, and formulation of pyridylmethylsulfonimidazopyridines as ulcer inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Matsuiishi, Naoto; Takeda, Haruki; Iizumi, Kenichi; Murakami, Kiyokazu; Hisamitsu, Akira  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: EPXKDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

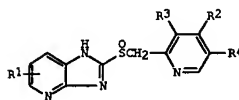
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 254588   | A1   | 19880127 | EP 1987-306570  | 19870724   |
| EP 254588   | B1   | 19920115 |                 |            |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE |      |          |                 |            |
| JP 63146882   | A2   | 19880618 | JP 1987-133534  | 19870530   |
| JP 06043426   | B4   | 19940608 |                 |            |
| AU 8775628  | A1   | 19880128 | AU 1987-75628   | 19870714   |
| AU 598564   | B2   | 19900628 |                 |            |
| ZA 8705151  | A    | 19880330 | ZA 1987-5151    | 19870714   |
| CA 1329204  | A1   | 19940503 | CA 1987-542637  | 19870721   |
| HU 46000  | A2   | 19880928 | HU 1987-3407    | 19870724   |
| US 4808596  | A    | 19890228 | US 1987-77686   | 19870724   |
| AT 71626  | E    | 19920215 | AT 1987-306570  | 19870724   |
| ES 2038184  | T3   | 19930716 | ES 1987-306570  | 19870724   |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:                                |      |          |                 |            |
|   |      |          | JP 1986-173551  | A 19860725 |
|   |      |          | JP 1987-133534  | A 19870530 |
|   |      |          | EP 1987-306570  | A 19870724 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:150480; MARPAT 108:150480

GI



AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (cycloalkyl)alkoxy, fluoroalkoxy; R2 = H, Me, MeO; R3, R4 = H, Me] were prepared as ulcer inhibitors... 2-Mercapto-5-methoxyimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine-2-chloromethyl-3,5-dimethylpyridine.HCl, and KOH were refluxed 2 h in EtOH to give 2-[2-(3,5-dimethylpyridylmethylthio)-5-methoxyimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine. No procedure was given for oxidation of the latter to the corresponding I. I inhibited gastric acid secretion in rats with ED50's of 9-73 mg/kg orally.

IT 113712-98-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

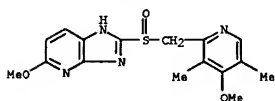
L12 ANSWER 64 OF 64 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM (Continued)

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of, as ulcer inhibitor)

RN 113712-98-4 CA

CN 1H-Imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine, 5-methoxy-2-[[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/507,485

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:28:39 ON 02 AUG 2005)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:28:43 ON 02 AUG 2005

|    |                      |
|----|----------------------|
| L1 | 8 S TENATOPRAZOLE    |
| L2 | 1 S TENATOPRAZOLE/CN |
| L3 | STRUCTURE UPLOADED   |
| L4 | 0 S L3 SAM           |
| L5 | STRUCTURE UPLOADED   |
| L6 | 12 S L5 SAM          |
| L7 | 197 S L5 FULL        |

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 10:31:04 ON 02 AUG 2005

|    |         |
|----|---------|
| L8 | 83 S L7 |
|----|---------|

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:31:10 ON 02 AUG 2005

|    |              |
|----|--------------|
| L9 | 57 S L3 FULL |
|----|--------------|

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 10:31:23 ON 02 AUG 2005

|     |                    |
|-----|--------------------|
| L10 | 64 S L9            |
| L11 | 30 S TENATOPRAZOLE |
| L12 | 64 S L10 OR L11    |

=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:28:39 ON 02 AUG 2005)

10/507,485

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 857935-17-2  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 857935-17-2

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

```
*****
*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*
*****
```

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

10/507,485

```
SAT ----- Structure ATtributes and map table if it contains data.
SCT ----- Structure Connection Table and map table if it contains
              data.
SDA ----- All Structure DATA (image, attributes, connection table and
              map table if it contains data).
NOS ----- NO Structure data.
ENTER STRUCTURE FORMAT (SIM), NOS:display query l3 sia status
'DISPLAY QUERY L3 SIA STATUS' IS NOT A VALID STRUCTURE FORMAT KEYWORD
Structure Formats
SIA ----- Structure Image, Attributes, and map table if it contains
              data. (Default)
SIM ----- Structure Image.
SAT ----- Structure ATtributes and map table if it contains data.
SCT ----- Structure Connection Table and map table if it contains
              data.
SDA ----- All Structure DATA (image, attributes, connection table and
              map table if it contains data).
NOS ----- NO Structure data.
ENTER STRUCTURE FORMAT (SIM), NOS:end
```

```
=> display query l3 sia status
'SIA' IS NOT A VALID STRUCTURE FORMAT KEYWORD
Structure Formats
SIA ----- Structure Image, Attributes, and map table if it contains
              data. (Default)
SIM ----- Structure Image.
SAT ----- Structure ATtributes and map table if it contains data.
SCT ----- Structure Connection Table and map table if it contains
```



10/507,485

=> LOG Y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 10:33:46 ON 02 AUG 2005